THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
PUBLISHED BY
THE COMMERCIAL PRINTING COMPANY.
OFFICE, 75 FIFTH AVENUE,
(OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.)
C. D. BRIGHAM, - - - - - *Editor.*
R. D. THOMPSON, *Business Manager.*
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
Single Copy.....3 Cents.
Delivered by Carrier (per week).....25 Cents.
Subscribers by Mail, (per year).....$10 00.
☞Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
☞Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address
THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. VI. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 13, 1869. NO. 310.

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE,
AND VALUABLE READING
FOR THE FAMILY.
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In Clubs of Twenty.....1 50
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LOCAL NOTICES.

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Go to Jos. Fleming's, 84 Market street, where you can always get the genuine preparation for less money than elsewhere in the city.

Ask Any One Who Has Used Henderson's Carminative

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Don't go Home Without a Bottle of Henderson's Carminative.

It costs but fifty cents. Sold by all Druggists. Prepared by J. Henderson & Bros., 206 Liberty street. MWF

Men's Furnishing Goods

At D. W. Smith's, 30 St. Clair street.

The Daily Commercial.

THE OIL REGIONS.

Continued Success of Development.

Increased Daily Production—Development—Number of New Wells Drilling—Stock on Hands and Shipments.

THE LATEST STRIKES.

Col. A.P. Duncan and Fid Bishop have struck a new well on the Lee Farm, near Oil City, which is now doing from ten to fifteen barrels. The Titusville *Herald*, of Saturday has the following: Last week a new well was struck by Messrs. King, Fletcher and Baum, on their seventy acre tract, about two miles above Emlenton, Allegheny river, which is flowing pump, and produces ten barrels daily. Another well was struck on the same tract, about two or three months ago, and has since flowed nine barrels and a half daily. These wells are on entirely new territory, and although small, they will undoubtedly lead to further development in the vicinity. A few days ago Messrs. Munhall, Phillips, Dimond and Garvin struck a new well on a barrel well on the side hill, side of Oil Creek, on their lease of the Conplanter farm. Another new well was struck on the same farm by J. J. Zane. It is yielding largely. On Wednesday last a new well was struck on the Watson farm near this city. It was sunk through large gravel, producing a good flow of 150 barrels a day for a time, but yesterday it was producing at the rate of only twenty barrels. It is by Messrs. Angier Bros. A new well was struck a few days ago on a six acre tract of the widow Bentley, on Pithole creek. It is reported to be yielding forty to fifty barrels daily. It is owned by Messrs. Reed, Wall Thompson and Campbell. This week Messrs. Spear and Thompson struck a new seventy barrel well on the line of the Pittsburgh and Cherry Run Oil Company's tract, Upper Cherry Run. During the week a new well was struck on the Duvy and Caddy tract, Upper Cherry Run. The actual yield is not published, but it is reported to be a big one, green in color. The fortunate owners of this well are Messrs. Walt Thompson and E. M. Hilden.

Concerning operations on the Clarion, we have the following from the *Democrat*: The old salt well on Knox & Iron's farm, mouth of Bigrun, on the Clarion river, still continues to regularly pump three or four barrels of oil a day. The River well, near the same point, commenced yielding oil at a still larger rate on Thursday of last week, when the sucker rods again broke. Work has been commenced to put down a well near his residence on Deer creek. Mr. Alexander Gilfillan has leased land near the Whitehill well, a short distance from the mouth of Deer creek, and is commencing to put down a well.

Production in the Tidioute regions is slightly increased. The operations are progressing as follows: On the Triumph tract, Mr. Benner is down to one hundred and fifty feet, but is delaying well waiting for large casing. The activity reported last week on the New York and Benner tract, Mr. Fisher is drilling on his new well. Several new leases have been taken, and are going to work. H. Allen tract adjoining Fisher Bros. are getting up their rigs. On the New York and Allegheny Company's tract, Mr. Parshall's two wells are about ready to test, and his others are progressing favorably. On the Tidioute and Warren Oil Company's tract Fisher & Washington's new well, is rapidly approaching completion. The Parshall wells on Limestone Hill still keep up the production. A new derrick is going up on the Economy Oil Company's hill territory.

The production of the Pennsylvania oil regions during August, as we learn from the Titusville *Herald*, was materially enlarged by the finding of many new wells. The daily average as shown by the shipments during the month and the stocks on hand on the first days of August and September, was 12,157 barrels of forty-three gallons, or an increase of 69 barrels over the daily average for July, and of 176 barrels over the daily average for August last year. The following table shows the production during the month past, the average per day, the production previously reported in 1869, and the average per day since January 1st; the product from January 1st to September 1st last year, and the average per day for the same time:

	BBLS.
Total shipment of Crude for August of bbls., of 43 gallons, each..	330,907
Add to reduce to bbls., of 43 gals, each..	14,973
Total shipment of bbls., of 42 gallons, each	351,880
Stock on hand Aug. 1st.....	397,196
Stock on hand Sept. 1st.....	374,129
Add increase on Sept. 1st.....	24,992
Total production during August.....	376,873
Average per day for 31 days.....	12,157
Production previously reported.....	2,255,988
Total production since January 1st.....	2,632,861
Average per day for 243 days.....	10,843
Total production same time last year..	2,392,779
Average per day same time last year (244 days).....	9,806
Average per day during Aug. last year..	11,981

The largest increase took place in the Church Run district, where the production, as obtained from the deliveries and stocks on hand, averaged 750 barrels, against 600 barrels during last month. On Upper Cherry run there was also a considerable increase. Pithole, and Bean farm and vicinity, the enlargement was 110 barrels, and along the Allegheny river south of Franklin there was an increase of about 60 barrels. In the Pleasantville district there was a falling off of importance, as the daily average during the month under review as shown by the shipments and stocks, was 1,120 barrels, against an average of 1,200 barrels for July. On Cherrytree run, where it was generally expected there would be an enlargement, there was a slight decrease. Two or three of top farms on Lower Cherry run, the product fell off about 70 barrels. At Parker's Landing there was an increase of about 200 barrels in the estimated production September 1st, over that on August 1st.

THE DEVELOPMENT.

The most noticeable feature connected with the development is the fact that the number of wells in process of drilling does not show any change of consequence from that on the first days of either July or August, when, at this season of the year, an increasrd number of drilling wells is always to be expected. This anomalous state of affairs has been caused almost wholly by the scarcity of undeveloped territory that is known to be productive. During the month there were but few leases taken in any other part of the district than at Parker's landing, but there were in all parts of the oil district on the 1st inst., from one hundred and twenty-five to one hundred and fifty leases, which had been taken during July or August on which wells will be commenced during the next thirty or sixty days.

THE STOCK

As compared with the stock on hand on August 1st, that on the 1st inst. shows an increase of about 25,000 barrels. The total stock on the latter date was 374,129 barrels of forty-three gallons, and included 249,892 barrels in iron tankage, 71,842 at the wells and 10,395 in wooden tankage, on the hand of refiners, pipe companies and dealers. This latter amount embraced 1,200 barrels at Titusville, 2,450 at Mil er, 2,100 at Petroleum Centre, 490 on Cherrytree Run, 800 on Lisle Boyd Farm, 1,250 on the Story Farm, 500 at Tidioute, and at Pithole 1,595. Of the total stock 30,000 to 40,000 barrels is unmerchantable.

THE SHIPMENTS.

The average daily shipments of crude equivalent of barrels of forty-three gallons each, by all routes, was less than 10,000 barrels. The shipment to New York increased about 38,000 barrels, but to all other places there was a falling off. The shipments were as follows:

To New York	124,705
Cleveland	95,381
Boston	14,052
Philadelphia	8,825
Pittsburgh	59,339
Portland	2,843
Other points	14,809
Total bbls	323,206
Difference between crude and refined bbls	13,701
Shipment of crude equivalent, bbls	336,907

The following were the shipments from January 1st to September 1st, 1869, and the crude equivalent:

To New York	710,514
Cleveland	726,869
Boston	90,424
Philadelphia	119,189
Pittsburgh	570,241
Portland	22,818
Other points	190,210
Total	2,230,221
Difference between crude and the refined	93,161
Shipment of crude equivalent	2,450,785

The funeral of Hon. John Bell takes place today. A meeting of the Nashville bar and citizens was held Saturday, and resolutions commendatory of the deceased passed. The citizens' meeting was addressed by Henry S. Foote, ex-President Johnson and others. Mr. Johnson spoke of Mr. Bell as a statesman and patriot with whom he had disagreed politically, but to whom he was pleased to pay the tribute due to eminent worth and unwavering honesty.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

Internal Revenue for 1869-70,

Estimated Receipts $167,600,000—Glowing Prospect of the Proposed National Exposition—General Sickles Writes that the Solution of the Cuban Question is Near at Hand—Cause of Activity in the Navy Yards.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WASHINGTON, D. C., September 11, 1869.

Revenue Collections.

The following estimates have been prepared in the Treasury Department of the Internal Revenue tax collections for the current fiscal year, ending June 30, 1870: From spirits, $48,000,000; tobacco, cigars and snuff, $30,000,000; incomes, &c., $35,000,000; stamps, $17,000,000, all other sources $40,000,000—total $167,600,000.

The Proposed National Exposition.

The following are the calculations of receipts from the proposed National Exposition in this city and benefit to arise therefrom, as gravely submitted to a meeting of prominent citizens held last night to further the project. It is estimated that seven squares of ground will be required for the necessary buildings, streets, avenues, fountains, &c.; that five millions of persons will visit the Exposition, from whose admission fees, say fifty cents each, the sum of $2,600,000 will be realized; that twenty-five thousand articles will be on exhibition, each having its representative man, who will, it is fair to presume, expend in the city daily at least two dollars, making an aggregate of fifty thousand dollars thrown into circulation in the city per day during the continuance of the exposition, in all probability six months; that it is not improbable to suppose that the average expenditure of each of the five million visitors to the exposition would be at least ten dollars or twenty dollars, making in all six months amounting to the enormous sum of $50,000,000 to $100,000,000; that these almost fatulous sums of money would be left here in the City of Washington and distributed among its mechanics and merchants, and hotel keepers, and professional men, and property owners. "A deliberate calculation justifies the declaration that the stockholders to twenty thousand at one hundred dollars each, would realize on their investment a premium of at least one hundred per cent., while the pecuniary advantages to the city would be incalculable. Such a movement would give an inconceivable impulse to all departments of trade in the city, would create the most profound and warm sympathy and cordial and munificent aid of Congress; it would open and multiply and beautify our thoroughfares; it would stretch out its beneficent arms around the adjoining cities of Maryland and Virginia, and it would invest the capital of the nation with a permanent life and grandeur which would render it more secure worthy of the name of the first, last and only Washington."

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WASHINGTON, D. C., September 12, 1869.

Our Negotiations with Spain.

A letter received here from Gen. Sickles speaks in a very encouraging way of the progress of the negotiations he is carrying on with Spain. He thinks the main feature of the proposition submitted by the United States will be accepted, and that the solution of the Cuban question is near at hand.

Activity in the Navy Yard.

A prominent official of the navy explains the reported activity in the navy yards and stations now in commission, by saying that towards the end of Mr. Johnson's administration many of the needed repairs of the principal vessels were neglected, and at present the department is using the limited means at its disposal to put a few ships for the various squadrons in first-rate order.

Colored Pensioners.

The commission appointed from the Pension Office to visit the several Southern States and investigate all matters pertaining to colored pensioners, will start on Thursday. Cases of attempted fraud in Virginia have lately been reported, and it is now expected that the commission will visit that State also.

The Louisville Postoffice.

The commission of Col. Bayliss as Postmaster at Louisville, cannot be issued from the State Department to the Postmaster General yesterday, but was withheld by order of the latter.

Anniversary of North Point.

To-day being the anniversary of the battle of North Point, near Baltimore, the association of defenders of that city formed on parade this morning, and attended Divine service in a body.

An Ex-Minister Arrived.

Hon. Peter J. Sullivan, late Minister Resident to the United States of Columbia, has arrived.

WASHINGTON, September 11, 1869.

GEN. SHERMAN'S COMMISSION

Gen. Sherman's commission as Secretary of War appoints him until the end of the next session of Congress. The law does not prevent him from holding the two offices of General and Secretary of War, but he must elect which salary he will accept.

ENFORCEMENT OF REVENUE LAWS IN VIRGINIA.

Captain James Burns, of Company K, Fifteenth United States cavalry, has been ordered with a detachment of twenty men to enforce the revenue laws.

RETURN OF THE PRESIDENT.

President Grant is expected to return to Washington Tuesday next and remain. It is scarcely probable the repairs now in progress at the Executive mansion will be completed before that time.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 11, 1869.

THE RAWLINS FUND.

The subscriptions to the Rawlins fund now reach $10,000.

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR AVONDALE.

The railroad men held a meeting to-day, and appointed a committee to collect subscriptions for the Avondale sufferers.

COUNTERFEITERS IN QUOD.

James Coddington, George Marshal and Geo. Buck, were **arrested** charged with counterfeiting currency and revenue stamps, have been held to bail. Marshal turned State's evidence.

THE STEERING CASE.

The case was brought before the Superior Court to-day, of Henry Frothingham, a Pearl street merchant, who has been confined in the Bloomingdale Asylum, for a while alleged, to prevent the revealing of family secrets. Writs of *habeas corpus* and *mandamus* were decreed.

NOT THE MAN.

The reported arrest of A. D. Moore as a mail robber is incorrect. The party arrested is named Albert Moore, and was detained with evidence of guilt in his hands.

A LETTER TO THE POPE.

The Moderators of the Presbyterian General Assemblies have addressed a letter to Pope Pius Ninth, combatting the suggestions contained in the encyclical letter.

VISIT TO WEST POINT.

President Grant and suit visited his son at West Point to-day, returning in the evening.

PROGRAMME

For the Humboldt celebration of Tuesday is issued, and includes a procession to Central Park, inauguration of the Monument with appropriate ceremonies, including orations by Dr. Francis Lieber and Dr. R. Ogden Doremus, and music, banquet at Liederkranz Hall, and a torch light procession in the evening.

TWENTY MILE TROT.

The trotting horse John Stewart yesterday made twenty miles within an hour for a purse of $5,000. Time 59 minutes 39½ seconds.

THE QUARANTINE SOLD TO HAVRE.

The United States steamer Algonquin, previously reported as sold by the government to the Hayden Charge D'Affaires, M. Evarste Lacroix, is to be delivered to that gentleman, at the Brooklyn Navy Yard to-morrow. She is to be put under the command of an officer of the United States Navy, detailed for that purpose, and will sail for Port au Prince about the 1st of October.

COUNTERFEITING IMPLEMENTS CAPTURED.

Some time ago the Treasury Detectives obtained a clue of the location of the counterfeiting stone from which the five dollar greenbacks that have been extensively circulated in the South and Southwest were struck, and have in part, by persevering energies effected, have obtained possession of it. It is estimated that from this stone alone over half a million of spurious greenbacks have been printed. They have also obtained possession of a stone from which the counterfeit five dollar bills on the Jewett National Bank of Jewett, Connecticut, that were so extensively circulated a few months ago, were printed. The principals of this extensive gang of counterfeiters are now in custody, but their names are withheld for the present, as their publication would probably prevent the arrest of their accomplices.

THE TURF.

The Fall Meeting at Lexington, Ky.—Races at Fashion Course.

LOUISVILLE, September 11.—The sixth and last day's races at Lexington were well attended. The first race, for Jockey Club purse, $600, mile heats, best three in five, Lida Moratta was the favorite at two to one, but Maggie Hunter had many friends. Summary: F. Bustick's ch. m. Maggie Hunter, 5 years old, 1 1; George Cadwallader's ch. m. Emma Masgatte, four years old, 2 2; time 1:48¾, 1:51¾. The second race, for Consolation purse, for beaten horses, mile heats, with four entries, all Tibbie Dunbar the favorite. Summary: R. Lisle's b. g. Morgan Scout, 3 years old, 1 1, Lisle's b. g. Morgan Chief, three years old, by Uncle F. F. Bustick's ch. g. Johnson's b. g. Vic, dam by Frosty, 3, 3. J. H. Robinson's b. m. Buck Reese, four years old, 4, 4, 4; Jos. A. Grinstead's b. f. Tibbie Dunbar, three years old, 2, 1, 1; time 1:47½, 1:48½, 1:51½. The track was in good condition and the weather clear and delightful.

LEXINGTON, September 11.—At the Fashion course to-day, the hurdle race, mile heats, Lyman Wells beat Harry Scott and Simple Simon in 1:51¾ and 1:53½. The mile heats race was won by Gen. Polk, beating Local and Bonnie Brass; time 1:46, 1:53 and 1:51¼.

Colonel Brodhead, State Liquor Commissioner at Boston, recently arrested on a charge of violating the United States revenue laws by neglecting to affix stamps on packages of imported liquors, was on Saturday acquitted and honorably discharged.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Consolidation of the Louisville and Frankfort and Frankfort and Lexington Railroads—Opening of the Leavenworth, Atchison and Northwestern Road—Organization of the Quincy, Alton and St. Louis Company.

LOUISVILLE, September 11.—Articles of consolidation were to-day signed by the Louisville and Frankfort and Frankfort and Lexington Railroad companies. The road will hereafter be known as the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad Company. They have now in successful operation 175 miles of road.

LEAVENWORTH, KS., September 11.—Yesterday the first passenger train over the Leavenworth, Atchison and Northwestern Railroad carried about 1,000 citizens of this place to Atchison and return, and to-day about the same number of citizens of Atchison to Leavenworth and return, giving all who desired it a free ride. Both excursions passed off pleasantly, the Atchison people being received here today with firing of cannon and other demonstrations of welcome.

ST. LOUIS, September 12.—The Quincy, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company was organized at Quincy, Ill., on Friday, with Gen. J. W. Singleton as President, and Thomas T. Woodruff, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Vice President in Oregon—Indian Depredations in Arizona—The New Gold Mines.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 11.—The Cincinnati party arrived last night.

Mr. Colfax reached Salem, Oregon, yesterday, *en route* to California, and had an enthusiastic reception.

The San Pedro and Los Angelos Railroad has been completed.

Arizona advices to the 28th of August state that the Indians attacked a Mexican train near Antelope creek, and were repulsed. Three whites and twenty Mexicans were killed.

The recently discovered gold mines in the Hassayampa district are being opened. Large parties of miners are arriving from White Pine.

Gen. Thomas passed San Juan Island yesterday, *en route* to San Francisco from Alaska.

The recount of the vote of this city has been completed. There were discrepancies in nearly every ward. Selby, Hannas and Freeman are elected beyond dispute, Selby's majority is one hundred and ten.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The National Executive Committee of the Union League of America met in Philadelphia Saturday, and took action in regard to elections pending in Pennsylvania, Mississippi and Texas.

Geo. H. Stuart, Treasurer of the Philadelphia Relief Fund for the Avondale sufferers, has received over $21,000.

An incendiary fire destroyed nearly the whole business portion of Martinsburg, Lewis county, N. J., Friday. Loss $30,000; insured for $16,000.

The Memphis *Evening Post*, the only Republican paper there, suspended Saturday, Gov. Sevier having withdrawn the State printing from it.

The Governor of West Virginia has appointed three delegates to the Southern Commercial Convention. A number of leading Southern railroads have agreed to pass the delegates and honorary members free, the Louisville Commercial Convention free both ways. The committee of arrangements have sent circulars to all railroads to see upon what terms delegates will be passed.

The Cincinnati Board of Trade Saturday night passed a resolution asking the Legislature to so amend the law as to have real estate re-valued every three years, also to increase the compensation of the Board of Equalization. They also took steps to have these assessors chosen without reference to politics. Great importance is attached to the matter.

The Democratic County Executive Committee held a secret session at Cincinnati Saturday. Rumors are rife that they will put up nominations, instead of a reform movement.

Several Cincinnati ministers preached yesterday on the subject of the Bible in public schools, owing to the Catholic movement to throw it out.

The Hamilton county, O., fair closed Saturday. In attendance and in all it was a success. The display of stock has been good.

The contract to widen the Louisville and Portland canal, according to the plan of General Weitzel, was let to-day. The canal is enlarged from forty-nine feet eight inches to eighty feet.

The crop prospects in Louisiana are less favorable. The cane is backward. It is reported the caterpillars are damaging cotton in several parishes.

John H. Bobb, of St. Louis, has brought suit against his father, Charles Bobb, to compel him to make an account of his stewardship of an estate left to his children in 1845, and of which he was appointed trustee. The estate is valued at half a million, and the children claim it should have been divided among the heirs long ago.

The steam frigate Powhattan, from the South Pacific, arrived at New York yesterday.

Louis and Nancy Davis have been arrested in St. Louis for perjury, in making false and fraudulent returns to the Bankrupt Court, and for bribery, each before the United States Commissioner.

A meeting of Catholics at Hozart Hall, Cincinnati, last night, arranged for raising contributions for the Archbishop Purcell to the Ecumenical Council at Rome.

The spice factory of Weikel & Smith on Front above Arch street, Philadelphia, was burned yesterday morning. Loss heavy; insurance not ascertained.

Col. C. S. Price, clerk of the Commercial Hotel, Memphis, Tennessee, died Saturday. He was accidentally shot last evening by one of the guests and mortally wounded. He has a large family.

The Humboldt centennial will be celebrated in Cincinnati to-day by a procession, speeches, banquet, etc. A sainte of one hundred guns will be fired every hour to-day.

The annual Methodist Episcopal Conference, in session at Evansville, Ind., on Saturday voted down lay delegation. The vote was for lay delegation sixty, against thirty-three. It required a two-thirds majority to carry and was broken by the sobbings and moanings of these distressed widows and orphans. The vote was rejected. Legal tenders and chill the blood. Many of the distressed women, acknowledging the impossibility to fulfill such a sacrilegious action of their husbands and sons, were sitting and weeping in their pews, and during the night long, uttering low, plaintive and pitiful sounds. It was almost impossible to get their attention to the proceedings, and they only raised a hope for better things to come out of their continued sighs. They regretted that the vote was gone—the last ray extinguished. "Pity my poor little ones" was a constant expression in which the Rev. Governor and Corps Legislatif treble force when we consider the destitute condition of these people need immediate relief, but just ended. All these homes are in a most miserable condition. These people need immediate help. During the day, while the bodies were being taken out, the expressions of sympathy and tears of gratitude were heard along the line were awful. As one body after another was taken out, the expressions of all the prisoners were we may attempt to imagine, but we can never fully realize.

THE DEAD WE ARE BETTER KNOW.

It should be explained that the galleries which penetrate this mine are irregular in line, running one course with the hill to a considerable distance, with chambers at intervals and doors at varying distances to keep out currents of foul air. There is no doubt but that the miners at once divined the accident had find occurred, and took prompt measures to save themselves. In the long galleries, running obliquely downward, they were found scattered at work, some in the gangways, others in the chambers, following the usual routine of daily toil. Laborers were filing cars from the dumping ground, and others in the miner's pick; boys were driving forward the mules to the mouth of the shaft with car loads of coal, and all in such ease the still calm of the preceding in the customary way, when the crash had come. Never was there a band who told the miners too well the nature of the disaster that had overtaken them.

In the light of what the brave men discovered on going down to rescue their fallen companions, we can understand the terror with which the discovery became known through the mine. Little time was given for escape, and the air of heaven excluded. All those in the vicinity of the furnace retreated by winding ways as far as possible from the sunfired fatal gasses, to the utmost limits of the mine, to a point where the air shaft opens to the bottom of the shaft. No doubt there was a fearful hurrying back to the foot of the shaft and rushed with hot and rustling breath along the galleries and overtook many a poor fellow who had only time to fall down and breathe his last safely.

On the entrance to the last gallery of the mine sixty-seven appalled but yet collected miners were found. With the presence of mind preservation, proceeded at once to barricade themselves in between a space extending in a gangway from the roof to the sunfired floor. At either end of this limit were two doors which, when closed, made an air tight inclosure. Here they discovered the men pulled the timbers out of the roof to build the wall, but not before the fearful demon in the air had penetrated their last retreat—not in force, however, but sufficient to do the work of death with unerring certainty. In this place of safety the men lay down in rows and calmly awaited the approach of eternal sleep. Here, in the presence of the dead, they fully estimated that the strongest of the men succumbed in eight hours after their self-imprisonment. The night passed away and they looked in was quickly exhausted by the fatal gasses. Then they went to sleep for good and long; while all the time the coal above, below and around them was emitting the gas of death.

Mr. Thomas, one of the first of the heroic fellows who penetrated in this point in search of the missing men, after traversing the mine in the barrier and gaining entrance in the gangway where the sixty-seven men were ordered to the King of Terrors, the night that he was appointed trustee. The estate of this will like a little child. To him there was nothing terrible in the spectacle; the men were where he had expected to find them. The forces were familiar to his eye, and from the days of his boyhood he had been used to himself had many narrow escapes. It was the touching, friendly approach of which these brave sons of toil showed in the last moments of their struggle for life that melted the soul of the hero, and caused a declension in the tearless shaft to save them if he could. Men were found in the last gallery, and for nearly two years he lived almost wholly on raw beef, stale bread, and—half-cooked eggs. At out ten days ago he dined with General Gen. A. Smith and indulged in viands to which he had been unaccustomed. His appetite prevented the digestive organs from performing their work, and severe bowel change's, accompanied with fits of coughing and great loss of blood, utterly prostrated him. He never left his room afterward, but died at the hour of his friend.

THE FUNERALS.

The following facts are believed to be from a reliable source in relation to the fitting out of a vessel at Newport intended to act as a Cuban privateer. The vessel was formerly a United States gunboat, named the Tequod, and was recently purchased by an agent of the Junta. The Pequod is now lying near the Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn, and is being rapidly fitted for the sea. When loaded, not much of her hull is above water, she is so low in the sea. After a moment consists of eight long 68s and a 100 pound Parrott gun at the bow, and a 30 pound Parrott gun at the stern. Her crew will consist of English-speaking sailors and will be a large one, three times the number required to work her. Rumor gives the name of the captain as Mr. McDermott, an able and brave officer, whose heart and soul is in the Cuban cause. Another vessel intended for a similar purpose is now under seizure. La Junta has paid the officers three months' advance in gold. The Pequod will be coaled shortly, and when ready a tender will act in concert with her.

THE AVONDALE DISASTER.

A Hamlet Almost Depopulated.

Only Nine Heads of Families Left—The First Descent into the Shaft—How the Men Met Their Fate—Sad Scenes Among the Suffering Families.

Some adequate conception of the great disaster may be gathered from the fact that in Avondale are left only nine heads of families, including Mr. Conrad Lee, the Superintendent, of the busy throng which were to be seen there before the fire of Monday last. All the rest of the men have gone to their eternal rest.

THE STORY OF THE FIRST DESCENT.

William Halliday, who was among the first to enter the mine after the fire was extinguished, has made the following statement:

PINE RIDGE COLLIERY, September 8.—I, Wm. Halliday, have been three times down the shaft; the first time I could not go away from the bottom. I went down the second time to-day, and, with three others, went up the plane in the east gangway, as near as I could judge, one hundred paces; the first we saw were two men in a car, dead; a few paces further on were sixty-six men and boys, in a pile, lying in different positions—some on their faces, others on their backs; fathers with sons in their arms, who, from appearances, had died with great struggle. We began to feel overcome with the fire-damp and smell from the dead bodies, but still felt as if we could not come away without bringing one of the dead with us, and accordingly we each got a boy on our shoulders and brought them up with us. After I found this lot of men I went about fifty feet further on to the back end but found no more. The third time, I with three others went in the same gangway and brought out a man. About thirty of the men had their shirts drawn over their heads for protection.

HIDEOUS HUMAN STATUARY.

The fact, as stated by Mr. Halliday, that thirty of the men were found with their heads and faces covered by their shirts, is regarded as evidence of a terrible struggle on the part of the miners to fight for life as long as possible. The positions of the bodies also indicated as much, although the faces of the dead, except in a few instances, exhibited no signs of great suffering for more than the usual pallor and ghastliness of human bodies grouped together like hideous statuary by the hand of death, the testimony of suffocation in the last hour of life was written. Folded in each other's arms were friends who had stood by each other under the sunlight above, and now, though dead, their bodies in the second and third galleries of the mine Evans was found partially sitting up and bolding on each arm a boy, with his own head answered the same dread summons that came to his more helpless father. In some cases of all the prisoners were we may attempt to imagine, but we can never fully realize.

THE DEAD WE ARE BETTER KNOW.

It should be explained that the galleries which penetrate this mine are irregular in line, running one course with the hill to a considerable distance, with chambers at intervals and doors at varying distances to keep out currents of foul air. There is no doubt but that the miners at once divined the accident had find occurred, and took prompt measures to save themselves. In the long galleries, running obliquely downward, they were found scattered at work, some in the gangways, others in the chambers, following the usual routine of daily toil. Laborers were filing cars from the dumping ground, and others in the miner's pick; boys were driving forward the mules to the mouth of the shaft with car loads of coal, and all in such ease the still calm of the preceding in the customary way, when the crash had come. Never was there a band who told the miners too well the nature of the disaster that had overtaken them.

In the light of what the brave men discovered on going down to rescue their fallen companions, we can understand the terror with which the discovery became known through the mine. Little time was given for escape, and the air of heaven excluded. All those in the vicinity of the furnace retreated by winding ways as far as possible from the sunfired fatal gasses, to the utmost limits of the mine, to a point where the air shaft opens to the bottom of the shaft. No doubt there was a fearful hurrying back to the foot of the shaft and rushed with hot and rustling breath along the galleries and overtook many a poor fellow who had only time to fall down and breathe his last safely.

On the entrance to the last gallery of the mine sixty-seven appalled but yet collected miners were found. With the presence of mind preservation, proceeded at once to barricade themselves in between a space extending in a gangway from the roof to the sunfired floor. At either end of this limit were two doors which, when closed, made an air tight inclosure. Here they discovered the men pulled the timbers out of the roof to build the wall, but not before the fearful demon in the air had penetrated their last retreat—not in force, however, but sufficient to do the work of death with unerring certainty. In this place of safety the men lay down in rows and calmly awaited the approach of eternal sleep. Here, in the presence of the dead, they fully estimated that the strongest of the men succumbed in eight hours after their self-imprisonment. The night passed away and they looked in was quickly exhausted by the fatal gasses. Then they went to sleep for good and long; while all the time the coal above, below and around them was emitting the gas of death.

Mr. Thomas, one of the first of the heroic fellows who penetrated in this point in search of the missing men, after traversing the mine in the barrier and gaining entrance in the gangway where the sixty-seven men were ordered to the King of Terrors, the night that he was appointed trustee. The estate of this will like a little child. To him there was nothing terrible in the spectacle; the men were where he had expected to find them. The forces were familiar to his eye, and from the days of his boyhood he had been used to himself had many narrow escapes. It was the touching, friendly approach of which these brave sons of toil showed in the last moments of their struggle for life that melted the soul of the hero, and caused a declension in the tearless shaft to save them if he could. Men were found in the last gallery, and for nearly two years he lived almost wholly on raw beef, stale bread, and—half-cooked eggs. At out ten days ago he dined with General Gen. A. Smith and indulged in viands to which he had been unaccustomed. His appetite prevented the digestive organs from performing their work, and severe bowel change's, accompanied with fits of coughing and great loss of blood, utterly prostrated him. He never left his room afterward, but died at the hour of his friend.

THE FUNERALS.

The following facts are believed to be from a reliable source in relation to the fitting out of a vessel at Newport intended to act as a Cuban privateer. The vessel was formerly a United States gunboat, named the Tequod, and was recently purchased by an agent of the Junta. The Pequod; is now lying near the Atlantic Docks, Brooklyn, and is being rapidly fitted for the sea. When loaded, not much of her hull is above water, she is so low in the sea. After a moment consists of eight long 68s and a 100 pound Parrott gun at the bow, and a 30 pound Parrott gun at the stern. Her crew will consist of English-speaking sailors and will be a large one, three times the number required to work her. Rumor gives the name of the captain as Mr. McDermott, an able and brave officer, whose heart and soul is in the Cuban cause. Another vessel intended for a similar purpose is now under seizure. La Junta has paid the officers three months' advance in gold. The Pequod will be coaled shortly, and when ready a tender will act in concert with her.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Rumors of Napoleon's Abdication—Extension of the Serrano Regency Probable—16,000 Troops Ready to Sail for Cuba—The Turco-Egyptian Affair—Quiet Restored in Madrid—A Return Match Between the Oxford and Harvard Crews Advocated—Victor Emanuel's Reply in Regard to the Spanish Throne—Republicanism Spreading in Portugal—Belgium Will Send no Delegate to the Ecumenical Council—Destructive Hurricane in the North of France—Text of the Senatus Consultum—Death of Lady Palmerston.

A Return Match Advocated.

LONDON, September 11.—*The Land and Water* newspaper hopes the Oxford crew will make a return match with the Harvards, and that the race will be as well fought as the last; a better contest cannot be expected.

Troops for Cuba.

MADRID, September 11.—Sixteen thousand troops are ready to sail for Cuba.

A small band of Carlists are reported at Catalonia. Troops were sent in pursuit.

The Prince of Wales and the Harvard Crew.

LONDON, September 10.—The Prince of Wales has directed Captain Haffan Saunders to communicate to the Harvard University Boat Crew his regret at being prevented from paying his personal respects to them individually and collectively during their stay in England. Captain Saunders is charged to convey also to the Harvards an expression of the admiration of the Prince for the gallant manner in which they rowed against the Oxford men.

Napoleon Recovered.

PARIS, September 11.—Evening newspapers to-day announce Napoleon well.

Rumors of Abdication.

LONDON, September 11.—In this letter published here to-day, Rumors of the possible abdication foreshadow a not improbable event, as the Emperor is not liable to return. He suffers excessive pain from fistulous hemorrhoids. Many think his son's majority will be proclaimed on his next birthday.

The Serrano Regency.

PARIS, September 11.—The rumor that the Regency, under Serrano, will be extended, is gaining ground. All parties in Spain favor the proposition.

Quiet Restored in Madrid.

MADRID, September 11.—The disorders have been quelled, and the city and country is tranquil. The Government has advised Gen. Prim to visit his native province, Catalonia.

The *Imperial* newspaper to-day publishes a letter from Mr. Fish, American Secretary of State, to Minister Hale, and comments favorably upon it.

The Byron Scandal.

LONDON September 11.—A letter in the *Telegraph* says Lord Byron did not meet Mrs. Leigh for a period before his marriage until after the separation from Lady Byron.

The Spanish Revolution.

The *Times* considers the French Revolution of 1848 with the present revolution in Spain. In the former the people ruled. When the power given to General Cavaignac was turned against the Republic, it was forcibly, after a short but terrific struggle he fell. In Spain the army governs, yet the army, although ruling, has neither conquered nor fought for its power. A struggle with the people is always imminent, but the contending forces are unequal, and the odds are against the people. Among Spanish statesmen there is no Cavaignac. Montpensier has no ambition and will not aspire, but dare not employ force. The revolution has hardly moved a step, and the whole affair lies in a nut shell. As from the beginning, the question is will either the army or people are to have the upper hand.

The Turco-Egyptian Affair.

The Paris press, in discussing the Turco-Egyptian affair, trusts the controversy will have the effect to improve the relations of the Sultan and Viceroy. The jealousy of the Porte was excited once by suspicion that by permitting the Viceroy having given assurances and the Porte having conveyed warning. Turkey and Egypt may agree well. If the advice addressed by each to the other be followed by both, it will be better for themselves and for Europe.

Will Resign.

The Bishop of Exeter will resign as soon

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1869.

THE commissioning of Gen. SHERMAN to act as Secretary of War till next spring, disposes of a question the management of which certain disinterested and patriotic gentlemen have evinced a wish to take upon themselves. The action of the President will doubtless prove very provoking to some but very acceptable to the country.

OUR Washington dispatch this morning contains an interesting statement of the estimated receipts from Internal Revenue taxes, for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1870. The estimated receipts are as follows: From spirits, $45,000,000; tobacco, cigars and snuff, $30,000,000; incomes, etc., $35,000,000; stamps, $17,000,000; all other sources, $10,000,000—total, $167,000,000.

IS THE EMPEROR really sick or is he acting? That he has been somewhat ill, is doubtless a fact; but whether he has not improved the occasion to do a little acting to test public sentiment, and I gain some idea how France would behave in the immediate prospect of his death, appears highly probable. At any rate, if we are to believe the assurance that the Emperor "has completely recovered from his indisposition," he either has not been as sick as reported, or has a wonderful facility in getting well again.

GOV. HOFFMAN, after neglecting or refusing for five months to transmit to the Federal Government the action of the Legislature of New York on the Fifteenth Amendment, last week transmitted to the Secretary of State his certificate that New York has ratified the Amendment. The revolutionary purpose which existed of nullifying the action of the Legislature, through the refusal of the Governor to transmit, was for some reason receded from by the Governor, whose action has brought down on him the curses of not a few of the faithful.

The President and General Cameron.

Senator Cameron was very attentive to the President during his last visit to Pennsylvania, and recently it has been arranged that the President shall be taken in a special car of the Northern Central Railroad Company on an excursion through Pennsylvania, at the invitation of Don Cameron, the President of the Company. The Northern Central Railroad Company have accepted this invitation, and the elegant Pullman car belonging to Mr. Cameron has been sent to Jersey City to convey the President to Harrisburg via the Eastern Pennsylvania Railroad and the Lebanon Valley Railroad to Harrisburg. The party will start in a day or two and stop at Harrisburg for a day, to give the President an opportunity to see Governor Geary, and partake of the hospitalities of Senator Cameron. From Harrisburg the President will go to Pittsburgh, and pay a short visit to a relative of his, Mr. McKennan, in Washington county. During the trip it is expected the vacancy in the Secretaryship of War will be filled or agreed upon.—*Telegraph to the Philadelphia Inquirer.*

It is amusing to witness the anxiety of the Camerons and the tricks to which they resort to make it appear that they are Gen. Grant's keepers. The "excursion through Pennsylvania" is an invention, as is the entire dispatch in spirit and nearly so in detail. Gen. Grant, early in the season, simply promised to visit some relations and friends in Washington before returning permanently to the White House. He was to have done so last week, but the death of Secretary Rawlins prevented. Mrs. Grant being in New York the start is made from there. He could not well refuse the offer of a special car, nor reject such courtesies the Camerons proffered with it. The rest is an invention, the idea of "fixing up" the appointment of Secretary of War between Grant and the Camerons, which the above dispatch was framed to inculcate, having already been exploded by the President quietly commissioning Gen. Sherman to perform the duties of the office. So transparent is the object of the *Inquirer's* dispatch that if it have any effect at all it must be of a character quite the opposite of that which it was intended to exert.

THE contractor for building the bridge over the Mississippi at Omaha, having made arrangements to employ Chinese laborers, he has been notified by the Irish and other foreign laborers of that locality, that he will not be allowed to employ Chinamen for that purpose. He has, nevertheless, made contracts in California to obtain Chinese laborers, and intends to bring them to Omaha very soon. This is the very worst kind of Know Nothingism. When the Irish first came to this country they were resisted in the same spirit, though not to the same extent, with which they resist the Chinese—a tyranny which they could not sufficiently condemn. Experience should temper the action of foreigners who undertake to persecute those of other lands who are doing as they have done in seeking homes and employment here. Their notification to the bridge contractor at Omaha is a species of dictation which will never be submitted to. It is setting up a principle which cannot fail to work to their own injury. The insolence of the thing is sublime.

WHILE a good many grain growers in the West, last year, made money by selling their crops at the going prices, probably more made the mistake of holding on for higher prices, and either sold for less than their neighbors or not at all. Probably it is true, as an agricultural paper remarks, people generally are most inclined to sell when prices are low than when they are high. When wool was eighty cents a pound, it was more difficult to induce farmers to sell than when it was forty cents per pound. Last fall, red winter wheat at $2 25 in the interior of Michigan, farmers hesitated longer in making up their minds to let their crops go than they did last summer when they were offered $1 25 for the same wheat.

MR. CHARLES F. RAYMOND, Norwich, Conn., writes to the New York *Times* to say that he has designed and invented a traction engine, which may be run on any of the streets of New York, drawing or propelling a number of cars or omnibuses, with passengers, at any rate of speed desired, under the easy and perfect control of one man. Such engine may be used on any travel roads, in city or country, at less than half the cost of horses or omnibusses, and with four times the speed. He says he has not the means to introduce his invention and make it profitable—wherein Mr. Raymond proves that he belongs to the numerous class known as inventors.

THE table of revenue receipts for the fiscal year 1867-8 which were furnished to the COMMERCIAL for publication Saturday morning, shows that the largest amount of duties paid by any one class of articles is yielded by sugar and molasses, which are credited with $34,770,065. Next come wools and woolen manufactures, yielding $11,458,755; coffee, $10,657,815; women's and children's dress goods and Italian cloths, $10,650,901; iron and steel, $10,521,021; tea, $9,414,664; cotton manufactures, $7,202,871; spirits and wines, $6,309,253; flax and manufactures thereof, $4,645,943; dress and piece goods, $4,528,706.

NEW YORK not justly boasts that in her is centered all the metropolitan importance of the Republic. Let Philadelphia show by her large and generous bounty to Gen. Rawlins's family that New York does not also hold all the charity of the country as well. The New York "Rawlins fund" should receive large additions from this city.

AN Ohio farm is described by a Millersport correspondent of the Ironton *Register*. It is known as the Jenkins Farm at Green Bottom, is divided between three boys, and the production is thus stated:

	Bushels.
Gallatin's, the middle place	31,000
Jefferson's, the lower end	20,000
William A.'s, the upper end	30,000
Total	81,000

"The Republic" is the title of a new evening paper started in New York, by W. H. Halleck, who is a veteran in the business. It is full of promise, that is, promise which comes of performance. The first number evinces ability, experience and means—all the requisites necessary to success on merits. *The Republic* is a paper of four pages of seven columns each, and is sold for two cents. Mr. St. Clair McKelway is the editor-in-chief. The "permanency" of the paper is confidently announced from the start, and apparently with reason.

STOP all work, run the trains free, take charge of the funeral and pay the expenses." This is the humane order of Mr. Samuel Sloan, President of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway Company.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Let Mr. Sloan go farther, and without any delay give orders to have the other names of his company put in a condition so that another Avondale horror will be impossible. The company can doubtless afford to "take care of the funerals," but the miners cannot afford to furnish the corpses.

IT is reported that the agent of the Spanish War Department in New York has completed a contract with a prominent firm for three thousand Remington rifles, to be used against Cuba. Captain General de Rodas sent a telegraphic dispatch through the Cuban cable for six thousand more, to be delivered at the earliest possible moment.

CHICAGO don't patronize the Century Plant. A paper of that city says it isn't worth fifty cents to see it, and the persons having it in charge have overreached themselves in the speculation. Now what has St. Louis or Cincinnati to say to that?

IT is reported in Boston, says the New York *Sun*, that Mrs. Stowe is so overcome by the unexpected reception of her article on Lord Byron that she is quite ill. Domestic afflictions and grief are assigned as the cause of her imprudence in publishing the article.

WE knew it would turn out so. Chicago had a hand in the Oxford and Harvard boat race. The coxswain was a Chicago man, and he didn't know his business, but that fact Chicago says nothing about. Still better it should be so than that Chicago should not figure.

IT is reported from Washington that Gen. Butler will not be a candidate for the United States Senate against Senator Wilson, an understanding to that effect having been reached. Doubtful.

SENATOR SCOTT has sent fifty dollars to the Avondale Relief Fund. Is it decided that Pittsburgh will do nothing to increase the fund?

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

J. B. Lippincott & Co., it is said, have just concluded an arrangement by which they will hereafter be the exclusive publishers of the works of Washington Irving, in the various styles and editions as heretofore. It is regarded as an important addition to the publications of this house.

On the very day of the Avondale catastrophe there was a parallel accident in Missouri, where fire caught in the main shaft of a mine while fifteen men were underground. Seven made their escape by the car, but were badly burned. The others were rescued more or less injured after the flames were extinguished. One is expected to die.

Cheyenne is a town of some 3,000 inhabitants. A year ago it had 8,000, but White Pine and the Sweetwater mines have drawn most of its people away. Still the present population is permanent and valuable, while much of that which it has lost was of the shifting vagrant set that haunts new western cities. Cheyenne does a quite respectable jobbing trade, many of the merchants have stocks of goods ranging from $50,000 to $150,000 in value, and seem to sell quite as cheaply as dealers in Omaha. From being about the worst town in the United States, this has within a year and a half become a model of order and quiet.

It is stated that the Lyceum of the Prince Imperial at Vannes, in France, is about to experiment with a supposed discovery of Dr. Pagidi, to the effect that physically and morally weak children may be brought by the influence of electricity to a taste and ability for study and work; that by this wonderful agent, their whole nature, so to speak, is changed—the listless and dull becoming bright and smiling; the indolent, and, by consequence, the vicious, becoming useful and active.

It is a good plan to boil onions in milk and water; it diminishes the strong taste of that vegetable. It is an excellent way of serving up onions, to chop them after they are boiled, and put them in a stew pan, with a little milk, butter, salt and pepper, and let them stew about fifteen minutes. This gives them a fine flavor, and they can be served up very hot.

A new steam omnibus has been tried in Edinburgh. The engine, with an omnibus attached, was run up and down an incline to exhibit its speed and the ease with which it could be controlled. It went up the hill at the rate of seven miles an hour, and came down at the rate of nine. It turned in the road with far greater ease than if drawn by horses, was pulled up instantaneously at the word of command, and even backed up hill. The dexterity with which it picked its way between strings of cart horses, omnibuses and cabs, and the docility with which it stopped or turned whenever it was required, was marvelous.

Michelet admits that his estimates of the women he has written of are valueless because of his worship of them. His passion for Madame Gupon was so excessive that he used for whole days to sit before her picture, adoring, apostrophizing and invoking her sympathy, when he ought to have been writing. He married his second wife, a poor governess, because he detected in her a resemblance to this divinity of his youthful days. The manuscripts of the chapters of his French history relating to Joan of Arc are in many places blotted with tears.

A new German steamship line will soon be established between the Prussian port of Stettin and the port of New York. The preliminary steps of the undertaking have already been adopted, and in a few months two steamships of the line will begin their trips. Stettin is the capital of the Province of Pomerania, and is one of the most important of the Prussian ports. It is situated on the Oder, eighty miles from Berlin, with which it is connected by railroad. It is about time that Philadelphia was stirring herself.

Figures which come with a fair show of authority indicate an increase in the internal revenue of $25,500,000 for the year ending June 30th, 1869, as compared with the receipts of the previous year. The receipts upon whisky, incomes, tobacco, and stamps were, in round numbers, $108,944,000, while those of the preceding year, from similar sources, were $83,459,000. This, too, notwithstanding the reduction of the whisky tax from two dollars per gallon to fifty cents. Of the four items named, incomes alone exhibit a falling off the decline being about $7,000,000. The advance in the product of the whisky tax has been from $18,635,620 to $45,000,000.

Large numbers of drovers from West Virginia and East Tennessee are constantly passing through Washington, transferring their stock to Northern pastures. Seventeen car loads of cattle passed through Washington one day last week, and the transfer continues in large droves. The drovers represent that the drouth in their localities is so severe that great injury has been inflicted on the farmers and stock raisers, and their present course is necessary to save them from large losses in the future.

The people of Illinois are to vote at the general election on the 2d of November on a proposed amendment to the State Constitution, which forbids the Legislature from relieving the Illinois Central Railroad Company from its obligation to pay into the State Treasury either the tax or the per centum of its gross receipts, stipulated in its charter.

Two hundred negroes are said to be studying for the priesthood in Rome. That is a sign that if the Pope is a shrewd propagandist he is certainly not a bad humanitarian. These colored men are intended for their brethren in the South, to whom Rome's first argument is that it has educated two hundred of their kind.

Mr. Fisk contemplates building a steamer to run between New York and Albany, 600 feet long, 60 feet beam, with a 150-inch cylinder, which, when completed, will overtop any steamer in the world in size and magnificence. The boat is to leave New York at eight o'clock in the morning and return the same evening.

AN English correspondent, referring to the Stowe-Byron scandal, says: The whole of the facts were laid before Sir S. Romilly and Dr. Lushington, under assumed names, and both lawyers concurred that the wife, whoever she might be, ought never to return to such a husband. Such is the solution of the mystery which Lady Byron bore in her bosom for forty years, and which she carried to her grave. It only remains for Dr. Lushington—Sir S. Romilly is dead—to corroborate the facts stated by Mrs. Beecher Stowe; and he can scarcely avoid speaking—now that so much has been divulged—either to deny or to modify the statement put forward. There are none now alive whose personal feelings can be affected by completeing and confirming the case." Of course the "facts" refer equally to Mrs. Leigh and Lord and Lady Byron. The former lady was for a considerable time the inmate of the palace, and to a certain extent companion of Queen Victoria—virtually the guest of the realm. The case has a certain interest for the Queen, who will scarcely excuse Dr. Lushington for not in some manner intimating, as he might have done, and not endangered the terrible secret, the Queen, whose sense of propriety he well knew, enough to enable her, in view of future disclosures, to act so as not to compromise herself. It seems that Dr. Lushington either knows no bad secret or has kept it fro m at least one person who had a right to know it.

ONE year ago the stock of the Erie Company was set down in the stock list at $28,465,300 of common stock, and $8,939,900 of preferred, or $37,062,200 in all; but, during the gambling campaign between Vanderbilt and Drew, the latter had changed a large but unknown amount of the company's convertible bonds—which he held as security for a loan—into stock, and threw it upon the market. Since then there has been no reliable information of how much stock was in existence until Thursday last, when the stock was registered, which shows that there is $70,000,000 of common stock, and $8,000,000 of preferred, or, in other words, that the stock has been watered something over one hundred per cent. What is true of Erie is measurably true of all the trunk lines. Business being done on the expanded basis, the people have to pay. A road run on its actual and honest cost could make money at rates that would impoverish the watered concerns.

AT the decoration of the soldiers' graves at Arlington, in May last, General Rawlins was deeply impressed with the requiem sung by the Beethoven Quintette Club of Washington. To General Sherman he remarked that the requiem was so beautiful he would like, if he should die, to have it sung over him. General Sherman remembered the remark and at the grave of General Rawlins the requiem was sung, holding the vast throng spellbound. The music fitted the words admirably, rising and swelling in sympathetic melody:

Sigh not, ye winds, as passing o'er
The chambers of the dead ye lie;
Weep not, ye dews, for these no more
Shall ever weep, shall ever sigh—
Shall ever weep, shall ever sigh.
Why mourn the throbbing heart at rest;
How still it lies within the breast.
Why mourn when death presents us peace,
And in the grave our sorrows cease—
In the grave our sorrows cease—
Our sorrows cease—our sorrows cease.

OUR late blatherskite Minister to China, Mr. Browne, asserted a few days ago that the Chinese Government had granted no privileges to the East India Telegraph Company, an American organization of which ex-Governor Curtin is the President. To the assertion Mr. M. Mickles, of New York, till recently officially connected with the company, replies by saying that "Mr. Browne's dispatch in question affords conclusive evidence that he did not penetrate the State secrets and diplomacy of the Celestial capital." Says Mr. M., "I have direct and positive information, in a letter, in which Mr. Burlingame announces his success in obtaining the right for the East India Telegraph Company to lay their cables in the Chinese waters connecting all the seaports. The letter is dated April 8, 1868."

THE losses by fire throughout the United States during the month of August, just passed, amounted to $6,438,000. This is a startling statement. The loss is nearly double that of August, 1868, and much exceeds the total of any month during the past or present year. The value of property destroyed by fire since January 1, 1869, already amounts to $27,109,000, while the total losses of 1868 were less than $35,000,000. The fire of August 5th, in Philadelphia, when property valued at $1,000,000 was destroyed, was the most destructive one that has occurred in the country since July 4, 1866, when the city of Portland, Me., was devastated, the loss amounting to $10,000,000. The widespread drought has, of course, been one of the principal causes of this great destruction of property.

ACCORDING to the Paris *Annuaire de l' Association*, the total number of oriental co-operative workingmen's societies is 16,000, the number of members 500,000, and the total annual business 500,000,000 francs yearly. This computation is inclusive of all societies for burial, mutual aid, bank, supply and manufacturing. In Germany there are, we are told, at least 1,500 successful co-operative societies in operation, including two hundred and fifty stores and manufactories, and over eleven hundred banks. The total membership is set down as over 250,000 persons, who represent 1,000,000; the capital of $12,000,000 in constant, active circulation, and a further sum of $12,700,000 in deposits and loans.

PSALMS VS. HYMNS.

Now Hear the Other Side—The Case of Rev. Mr. Miller.

NEW CASTLE, PA., September 10, 1869.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

In your issue of last Saturday, September 4th, is an article entitled "Psalms vs. Hymns," to which I wish to call attention. If the writer had not courge to sign his own name to what he wrote, he has pious conceit enough to think that he is Ephesians 4th, 31, 32? If he be a Presbyterian minister, (which I have no right to deny,) whether of the Old or New School, he ought not to write or speak of a subject of which he is ignorant, which he has evidently done in this case. Fact is, he says that the Wednesday after Brother Miller announced to his congregation he would leave the denomination, "Presbytery met to *consider the matter*." This is a *gracious* mistake, if nothing worse. Presbytery met for no such purpose It was the regular quarterly meeting of Presbytery, and very few members knew of brother Miller's move until they came to the meeting. Second, he says Mr. Miller asked a "certificate of dismissal that he might connect with the *Old School Presbyterian Church*." This is another mistake. From brother Miller's paper Presbytery did not learn whether he was gone to the Baptist, Congregational, Old or New School. Third, he says, "a resolution was passed *absolutely forbidding* Mr. Miller to preach *again in his church*." This is simply false! Whenever Mr. Miller may ask the privilege to preach in a United Presbyterian pulpit, I have no doubt it will be granted, United Presbyterian ministers do not *wish* to occupy Old or New School pulpits without either *asking permission* or being *invited*, and they supposed ministers of other denominations felt the same way about *occupying the pulpits of other bodies*. Fourth, he says the action of Presbytery was "strange Presbyterial proceedings." Here he is either ignorant of what Presbytery did do, and guilty of violating the ninth commandment, or else he is ignorant of what Presbyterianism is, and should not be in the ministry of that church. I challenge him to show a single act of Presbytery that was unpresbyterial. According to Mr. Ephesians, there was no little bigotry and sectarian bitterness shown on this occasion; as he was not there to either see or hear, he should not speak so confidently. The facts are these: In a Presbytery numbering, ministers and elders, some forty members, only three uttered anything that savored of bigotry or bitterness toward Brother Miller.

While Mr. Ephesus was descanting on Christian spirit and fraternity "he might have inquired whether efforts to distract and divide another denomination, throw apples of discord in its congregations, and fan matters of dispute and bitterness that may be discovered to exist," is the way to manifest this spirit of "Physician, heal thyself." During the last year twenty-one ministers left the Old School Church. Not having the minutes of the New School before me, I cannot give the exact number that has left that body, but have been told it is about the same as the other. What would be thought of the spirit of United Presbyterian Ministers if rushing in to print, they should endeavor to show how narrow and unpopular the peculiar doctrines of these bodies are from these facts and to prove that they were dissolving, as so many ministers were leaving them. Ministers from the Congregational, and all the Presbyterian denominations have been received into the United Presbyterian denomination, but we did not through country papers, and city dailies and metropolitan journals, herald the fact through the land, and try to make the impression that these denominations were all melting away like the morning mist, and the young men in their ministry had better all come to us—as soon as possible. This would hardly have been in the spirit of Ephesians 4, 31-32.

J. W. BAIN.

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Black Alpacas,
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VERY CHEAP.

OUR LINE OF ALPACAS AND POPLIN ALPACAS IS THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.

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A New Article, of which I am making

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DARK PRINTS,

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WIDE DARK CHINTZES,

At 25 Cents Per Yard.

Black Alpacas and Alpaca Poplins.

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IN GREAT VARIETY.

Black, Brown and Mixed Water-Proof Cloth.
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White, Red and Gray Flannels,

FULLERTON BARRED FLANNELS,

Worth 10 cents per yard more to the wearer than any other Flannel in the market.

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One of the finest assortments of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES in the city.

PARASOLS and SUN UMBRELLAS, at Greatly Reduced Prices.

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Paper Hangings

Stamped Gold, Pressed Velvets,
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Blankets and Shawls

IN GREAT VARIETY.

A FULL STOCK OF

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27 FIFTH AVENUE.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Embroideries and Laces,
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"Glove Fitting" and French Corsets,
New Styles of Bradley Skirts,
Parasols, all the new styles,
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Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids,"
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SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

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"DICKENS," "DERBY," and other styles.

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WHITE, ORR & CO.,

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ARE NOW OPENING A NEW STOCK OF

Dress Goods, Shawls,

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WHICH THEY OFFER AT LOW PRICES.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between THOMAS C. FULTON and WILLIAM C. HOPPER, under the firm name of FULTON & HOPPER, Furniture Dealers, at No. 45 Wylie street, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due said firm are to be paid to Thomas C. Fulton, and all demands to be presented to him for settlement. THOMAS C. FULTON,
WM. C. HOPPER.

Pittsburgh, September 7, 1869.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The Firm of BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by GEO. W. BOLLMAN and RALPH BAGALEY, under the style and firm name of BOLLMAN & BAGALEY, who are authorized to collect all accounts due and pay all claims against the firm. GEORGE W. BOLLMAN,
JOHN D. BOYD,
WM. CAMPBELL, Jr.

Pittsburgh, August 21, 1869.

IN RETIRING FROM THE FOUNDRY Business we cheerfully recommend our late partners to the further patronage of the public.
JOHN D. BOYD,
WM. CAMPBELL, Jr.

PHŒNIX ROLL FOUNDRY.

Bollman & Bagaley,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SUPERIOR CHILL ROLLS,

SAND ROLLS AND PINIONS,

Cor. Liberty and Twenty-fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH.

NOTICE.

We have this day admitted WM. L. PETTIT, as a Partner in our Business, to date from April 1st, 1869.

SPRINGER HARBAUGH & CO.

Pittsburgh, September 1, 1867.

Ammunition!

I have in store and am constantly receiving a full assortment of all kinds of Ammunition, embracing the following articles:

Curtis & Harvy's Celebrated Powder;
Hazard Electric and Sporting Powder;
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☞ These Powders are kept at the Magazine. All Orders for large quantities must be left the night before they are wanted, so as to insure delivery next day.

ELEY'S CAPS AND WADS.

A full assortment always on hand, and at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

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Having been appointed Agent for the U. S. Cartridge Co.'s Cartridges, I am now prepared to fill Orders for large or small quantities, at Manufacturers' Prices, warranted equal to any in the market.

SHOT.

I have a full assortment of Tatham Bros. Celebrated New York Shot, which I offer to the Trade at the Lowest Market Rates, put up in 25 and 5 pound Bags, all Numbers.

SMITH & WESSON'S

Celebrated Revolvers.

A Fine Assortment on hand, for sale by

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NEW CARPETS.

FRESH IMPORTATION,

Purchased by our Mr. H. McCallum from Manufacturers in Europe.

Velvets, Brussels,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, &c

The Finest Assortment ever offered in Pittsburgh.

ALSO, A FINE STOCK OF

Three-Plies, Ingrains,

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COMMON CARPETS.

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OIL CLOTHS.

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51 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS,

Floor Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS,

Window Shades,

AT LOW PRICES.

We offer many of our Goods much below last Spring's Prices. Those needing Goods in our line can save money by buying at once.

Bovard, Rose & Co.

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

New Fall Stock

OF

CARPETS,

The First in Market and the Cheapest.

CHOICE PATTERNS TWO-PLY AND THREE-PLY

Cheap Ingrain Carpets.

THE FINEST LINE OF

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Ever Offered in Pittsburgh.

SAVE TIME AND MONEY

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71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

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NEW CARPETS.

Just Opened a Choice Assortment of

Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, Three-Ply, Ingrain and Common

CARPETS,

To Fill up since Close of Spring Trade.

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY OF

WHITE, CHECK AND FANCY

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At Lower Rates than Heretofore,

FULL LINES OF

OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, &c.

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AT THE OLD STAND,

COR. FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS,

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Pure White Lead,
Pure White Lead,

BY THE KEG OR TON.

Linsed Oil, Spirits Turpentine,

VARNISHES, BRUSHES,

PAINTERS' MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS

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(Formerly R. M. & W. J. Snodgrass.)

SODA ASH, PUMICE STONE,

Bi Carb Soda, Sal Soda,
Blue Vitriol, Epsom Salts,
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French Zinc, dry and in oil,

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Corner Wood st. and Second avenue.

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TAUNTON, MASS.,

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SEAMLESS LINED

Ice Pitcher,

Pronounced by Dr. HAYS, State Assayer of Mass., unsurpassed, to preserve Water perfectly Pure, while in others made in the usual manner of two different metals soldered or welded together (thus forming a galvanic arrangement), the water, after standing for one hour, was found to contain traces of Lead and Copper, and in four hours sufficient metal had been dissolved to render the water deleterious to health.

Are also Manufacturers of the Finest Quality of

Electro-Plated Nickel Silver

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WHITE METAL

Table Ware,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Including a large variety of New and Elegant Design, which are

SOLD BY THE

Principal Jewelers and Dealers

IN SILVER-PLATED WARE,

With our guaranty that the goods are made of the best quality of Metal, and heavily plated with Pure Silver.

The Highest Prize for Silver-Plated Ware

Was awarded to REED & BARTON, by the American Institute, New York, in 1867.

Office and Show-rooms at the Factory, Taunton, Mass., and

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(Successors to A. Hoeveler & Co.,)

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GLUE, CURLED HAIR, BRISTLES, BONE DUST, NEATSFOOT OIL, &C.

DEALERS IN

Plasterers' Hair, Tampico, Hog Hair, BONES AND HORNS,

No. 2 Sixth Avenue.

The Daily Commercial.

PERSONAL.

It is said that it is opium, not whisky, that ails Senator Sprague, which is so much the worse.

The proposition which Verdi made shortly after the death of Rossini, that all the prominent composers of Italy should unite in composing a requiem in honor of the illustrious maestro, it seems now, will be realized at an early day. Lots were drawn the other day as to the composers who should participate in the composition of the requiem, and the following names issued from the box: Verdi, Buzzini, Boncheron, Bunzois, Cagnoni, Coccia, Gasperi, Mabellini, Nini, Pedrotti, Petrelle, Pisanla, Ricci and Mercadante. Mercadante declined on account of feeble health.

The London *Athenæum* says of Lord Palmerston's diary: "It is written in a hand only a little less firm and graceful than Walpole's, but it is quite as legible. It is not a mere record of facts, but a gallery of pictures and sketches, in all of which are clearly to be seen the style of an accomplished master. It is, besides, something more. It seems to be between the writer and the Duke of Wellington, when Mr. Huskisson's dismissal or his being retained was in dispute, is of the very highest and finest style of serious comedy, graphic, dramatic, and so life-like that the actors seem bodily before us."

Mlle. Carlotta Patti, Herr Theodore Ritter and Mr. Max Strakosch were among the passengers by the steamship St. Laurent, which reached New York Thursday evening. About fifty French artistes, forming a company that will soon be heard at the Academy in New York city, were also aboard, their numbers including Mlle. Fauschetti and Mme. Guerretti.

It is stated that Senator Fessenden never recovered from the effects of poison received into his system at the National Hotel poisoning in 1859, Mr. Fessenden being one of the sufferers by that mysterious affair.

A correspondent of the *Jewish Messenger* gives a new explanation of the reason why the late Washington Irving always remained a bachelor. Speaking of Miss Rebecca Gratz, a Jewess of Philadelphia, distinguished for her zealous works of charity, who has just died at the ripe age of eighty-eight, he says:

"Twenty years ago I heard the story, a story that has long been current in Philadelphia in Jewish circles, among her friends and acquaintances, and which has again been revived here since her death. It runs thus: Many years ago, when Miss Gratz was a young girl, Washington Irving, then already risen in literary reputation, came to Philadelphia, and became a visitor at the house of her family. It is said that in youth she was very beautiful and very good looking, and as her acquaintance with Irving increased, the beauty of both her character and her features, together with the fact that she was a living representative of that nation whose whole history is a romance, so wrought upon his heart that he became deeply enamored with her. It is needless to say that had his attachment been never so strong, with her strength of faith, it would have been wasted. As it was, it *was* wasted. Irving left the city, but did not forget the lady of his love."

The writer adds that Irving subsequently mentioned to Sir, Walter Scott, his intimate acquaintance with the beautiful Rebecca of Philadelphia, and it appears, was writing, or about to write, "Ivanhoe," and on the strength of Irving's description of the lovely Jewess, so firm to her faith, named his heroine Rebecca.

When Miss Kellogg was in England, the Prince of Wales sent up his card, and was refused audience.

Miss Adelaide Phillips has been obliged to throw up a first-rate three years' engagement abroad on account of the serious illness of her father. We hardly know a single eminent singer who has had more ill-fortune to contend against than Miss Phillips. But what is her and Europe's loss may be our gain, for we shall undoubtedly now have a chance to hear her the present season.

The changes in the editorial force of the New York *Times* are the most frequent topics of talk with the newspaper men. Within two weeks there has been the following resignations: S. S. Conant, managing editor; Sig. H. House, dramatic and musical critic; W. F. G. Shanks, city editor; Mr. Ford, night editor; Sereno Todd, agricultural editor, and Mr. Mills, real estate editor.

The Albany *Argus* reiterates the story that a young milliner in Washington county has fallen heir to $17,000,000, left her by a young Englishman who became enamored of her while traveling in this country. She has been promised $5,000,000 in December, and the balance as soon thereafter as possible. Miss Gray, the fortunate heiress, is said to be about thirty years of age. She has a mother and sisters to enjoy it with her.

STATE POLITICS.

Bedford county promises an increased Republican vote in October next.

The Democrats of Montgomery county, at their county convention on Tuesday last, nominated Hon. Owen Jones for the State Senate, and James Eschbach and J. C. Harvey, for Assembly.

The Republican ticket for Lehigh county is as follows: Assembly, James J. Biery, Sylvester L. Giering; Prothonotary, Paul Balliet; Clerk of Orphans' Court, W. H. Deshler; Clerk of Quarter Sessions, William Stewart; Register of Wills, Joel F. Geigel; Treasurer, Solomon Kline; County Commissioner, Joseph Hasser; Director of the Poor, Charles W. Wigand; Coroner, William H. Romig; Surveyor, C. P. Kistler; Auditor, Levi Weiley; Trustees of the Academy, William G. Ramsey, George K. Reeder.

Alexander Montgomery, the Democratic nominee for Assembly in Armstrong county, declines to run upon that ticket.

The Republican conferees from Bedford in that Senatorial district having been assailed by a clerk of one of the houses at Harrisburg, Reagy by name, for withdrawing from the conference and denouncing the nomination of Alex. Stutzman, have issued a card in which they say: "So far as our action in connection with that conference is concerned, we are personally responsible for it. Having no personal aspirations to gratify, and with a consciousness of having acted from honest motives, and with a view to the permanent good of the Republican party, we are willing that our action shall be approved or condemned, by the honest, thinking Republicans of Bedford county, and not by fledglings who have no loftier political aspirations than *fat clerkships* at Harrisburg."

The Republicans of Juniata county have nominated the following ticket, viz: Assembly, Noah Hertzler; Prothonotary, Lewis E. Atkinson; Treasurer, Jacob Bergy; Commissioner, John Heckman; Auditor, Jerry Frankhouser. Resolutions indorsing the course of Hon. J. R. Robison in the Senate and Hon. Amos H. Martin in the House, and the course of United States Senators Scott and Cameron were adopted; also the following: "That the appointment of W. W. Davis as Assistant Assessor of Juniata county is offensive to the Republican party, as he openly proclaimed himself a Johnson man, was a member of the Johnson State Central Committee, a Johnson editor, editor of a Johnson paper, and only announced himself in favor of Grant a short time before the campaign closed."

The Republicans of Susquehanna county have presented the following ticket: For Representatives, Alfonso P. Eaghams, Harvey Fowler; Sheriff, Wm. T. Moxley; Prothonotary, Capt. Warren F. Sinnrell; Register and Recorder, Captain Jerome B. Lyons; County Treasurer, Benjamin Gliddon; County Commissioner, Preserved Hinds; County Auditor, Henry M. Jones; Coroner, Dr. Calvin C. Halsey.

The following is the Perry county Republican nominations: Assembly, Jesse L. Gantt; Associate Judge, Geo. Stroup; Register and Recorder, George C. Welker; Commissioner, Z. Rice; District Attorney, S. H. Galbraith; Treasurer, Wm. Treasler; Poor Director, John Newcomer; Auditor, John Michener.

"Invisible" writes from Harrisburg to the Blair county *Radical* as follows: "I have it on good authority that the Governor will speedily sever the red tape tie which binds the law officer to the Commonwealth and respite that gentleman from the cares of musty parchments and legal intricacies. For all practical purposes the imaginary gentlemen, John Doe and Richard Roe, are as much Attorney Generals as Mr. Brewster, and the people have agreed that the office must stop. My esteemed friend, Elisha W. Davis, is figuring for the Speakership of the next lower House. There is an old saw about catching the hare before skinning it that I think applicable to Elisha's case. Last year his majority was considerably below three hundred, and it is certain he was more popular than now. Just here let me say that in 1866 Mr. Chase, of Crawford, was a member of the lower House, and toward the close of the session spent much time setting up the Speakership for himself, never doubting that he would come back a second term. By-and-by the primary election came on and Mr. Bently was nominated—that's all. Mr. Davis may be served at the General as Mr. Chase was at the Primary Election. My advice to Elisha is to drive slow. Elections, like lightning, strike very queerly sometimes. Col. Gibbs used to say there were three things not embraced in the doctrine of foreordination—the verdict of a jury, the result of an election and who a girl will marry."

BOOTS AND SHOES.

THIRD LARGE ARRIVAL OF SUMMER *BOOTS, SHOES,* Gaiters and Balmorals,

Consisting of all kinds and qualities, selected with care,

And will be sold as LOW as they can be bought for in New York or Boston.

☞All orders from the country will be promptly filled.

I am also Agent for three Philadelphia Shoe Manufacturers, and will sell their goods at their prices, in Philadelphia, thus saving freight and charges. Country Merchants will save money by calling and examining my Stock and Prices, before purchasing elsewhere, at

J. H. BORLAND'S

58 AND 55 WOOD STREET.

FOR LEASE, Charcoal Blast Furnace.

The undersigned offer for a term of years all that desirable CHARCOAL FURNACE PROPERTY, situate in Fayette county, Penna., and known as

Wharton Furnace,

CONSISTING OF A

Hot Blast Charcoal Furnace,

In complete repair (the Hot Blast and Blowing Apparatus being entirely new), and

3,000 ACRES OF LAND,

The greater portion of which is of the finest quality of Timber for Charcoal purposes, and all within a reasonable hauling distance of the Furnace.

There are a number of ORE MINES OPENED and in good working order, and the property ABOUNDS IN ORE AND LIMESTONE, and everything requisite to the successful working of a Charcoal Furnace

For particulars and further information apply to

WOOD & LUKENS,

McKeesport, Allegheny county, Pa.

Or to A. HAYDEN, on the premises.

AUCTION SALES.

GRAND PUBLIC SALE OF City View Lots, AND BUILDING SITES,

SUBURBS OF ALLEGHENY CITY.

On Wednesday, Sept. 15, at 3 o'clock.

Will be sold on the premises, 3 Lots of 5 Acres each, 3 Lots of one and two Acres each, and 20 valuable Building Lots, at City View, near Woodville, in Reserve Township, one mile from Allegheny Diamond, by the name of Valley Park Extend, known as the lower road to Perrysville. Directions, plans, terms and full particulars given at the Auctioneer's office. It will be necessary to visit these Grounds before an adequate conception of the eligibility of these lots can be obtained. They command very fine views of the city and other surrounding eminences. Several are covered with fruit. The avenues are wide and of easy grade. Persons in quest of desirable lots at low prices cannot do better than give this sale their attention, for the time to buy, when times are dull. Higher prices will prevail when things are up. Every lot will be sold out by Mr. Jonathan Gallagher, which is sufficient guarantee that the utmost liberality will prevail. These Lots embrace city and country privileges. 10 years' growth of fruit, and being just outside the city limits are much more lightly taxed.

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

Important Sale of Machinery.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

Machinery, Tools and Fixtures

OF THE LATE

SPENCER REPEATING RIFLE CO.,

Sufficient for the manufacture of 200 Guns per day, will be sold at Public Sale, at the ARMORY of the Company, in CHICKERING'S BUILDING, BOSTON,

ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th.

This Machinery is of the best quality and make, and consists in part of 160 Milling Machines, including a proportion of Index and Universal Milling Machines, 50 Engine Lathes, 30 Hand Lathes, 15 Screw Machines, Brown & Sharpe's large number of Drill Presses, Power Press, Drops, Trip Hammers, Barrel Machinery of all kinds, Main Shafting, Pulleys, &c., &c., comprising over 500 lots, all available, about 1,000 feet of 2½ inch Main Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys; 160 Horse Engine, two Boilers.

Catalogues will be ready the 10th of September, and sent by mail on application to

JOHN H WELLS, Agent
Spencer Rifle Co., or
SAMUEL HATCH & CO., Auctioneers, Boston.
MWF

Robert H. Patterson & Co.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Will, on every Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.

NOTICE—LARGE SALE OF HORSE AND MULE SHOES.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., September 7, 1869.

I will offer at Public Auction, at the Quartermaster's Depot, at Jeffersonville, Ind., at 10 o'clock A. M., on WEDNESDAY, October 13, 1869, a large lot of Horse and Mule Shoes, as follows, viz:

About 161,000 lbs Mule Shoes, of Winslow pattern; About 61,000 lbs Horse shoes, Winslow pattern; About 492,392 lbs Horse and Mule Shoes, of mixed patterns, consisting in 1,292 boxes.

Also, about 60,000 lbs Horse and Mule Shoes, of mixed patterns, consisting in 300 boxes.

By order of the Quartermaster General U. S. A.
A. AUTER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. and Q. M. U. S. A.,
Depot Quartermaster.

FOR SALE—THAT DESIRABLE

Three-story Brick Dwelling House,

No. 198 Second avenue, containing 7 Rooms, Washroom and Bath Room, Slate Roof, Marble Mantles, Hot and Cold Water and Gas Fixtures complete. Lot 24x65 feet. Immediate possession given if desired. For further information inquire of

JOHN McG WOODS,
At Lloyd & Black's Iron Works, adjoining City Gas Works.

INSURANCE.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE Insurance Co.,

Of London and Edinburg.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1809.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS OVER $14,000,000 GOLD.

LIPPINCOTT & WHITTEN,
AGENTS,
NO. 86 FOURTH AVENUE,
Opposite Safe Deposit Co.'s Building.

W. H. LIPPINCOTT.
ROBT. Q. WHITTEN.
SECOND FLOOR.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH,
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL.....$175,000.

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.

Office, No. 98 WATER STREET.

W. M. CALDWELL.....President.
JNO. MEDEVITT.....Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY.....Secretary.
Capt. F. D. DERRICK, Gen. Agent and Surveyor.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. Caldwell,	James A. Hutchinson,
John McIlvain,	William Ross,
George A. Berry,	Robert Dalzell,
John Atwell,	William Means,
James Woodburn,	B. Wallace,
Samuel B. Robison,	John B. Canfield,
R. H. Palmer,	D. S. H. Gilmore,
	James McCandless.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.

Office corner Market and Water streets, second floor

WM. BAGALEY.....President.
W. A. SHEPARD.....Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss by the navigation of the waters of the Southern Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Ohio River.

Insures against loss or damage by fire.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Bagaley,	John Shipton,
James Park, Jr.,	James M. Cooper,
W. G. Johnston,	P. Harbaugh,
E. F. Jones,	J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea,	Samuel S. Dilworth,
Capt. Thos. Snowden,	George Bingham,
Barclay Preston,	Thos. A. Rowan,
S. M. Kier.	

Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, N. E. corner Wood and Fifth sts., second floor.

Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Phillips,	Samuel P. Shriver,
John Watt,	Capt. J. L. Rhodes,
John E. Parke,	Wm. Yankirk,
Jared M. Brush,	James D. Verner,
Wm. L. Craig,	John McCord,
Capt. James Miller,	Charles Arnoldie.

WM. PHILLIPS.....President.
JOHN WATT.....Vice President.
WM. P. GARDINER.....Secretary.
Capt. JAMES GORDON, General Agent.

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.

ALEX. NIMICK.....President.
WM. P. HERBERT.....Secretary.
Capt. GEORGE NEELD.....General Agent.

Office, No. 82 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.

Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution, managed by Directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have acquired, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alex. Nimick,	Reuben Miller, Jr.,
James McAuley,	Andrew Ackley,
Alexander Speer,	David M. Long,
Wm. Morgan,	John H. McCune,
Charles J. Clarke,	D. Ihmsen,
Wm. S. Evans,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Philip Reymer.	

WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

Boulevard and Concrete PAVEMENTS,

FOR

STREETS, DRIVES, FLOORS, DEPOTS, GARDENS, COURTS, CELLARS, WASHSTANDS, GARDEN AND LAWN WALKS.

The undersigned, having a long and successful experience in laying Concrete and Boulevard Pavements, are prepared to do the above work in the very best manner and on the most reasonable terms.

☞Orders left at No. 313 LIBERTY STREET will receive prompt attention.

COLVIN & MORRIS.

THE ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Superior Quality Imparted to Good Iron, the great Improvement in Inferior Iron and the Reduced Cost, commend it to all Manufacturers of Iron.

JAMES P. SPEER,
ATTORNEY FOR THE TRUSTEES.

☞Office, 96½ FOURTH AVENUE.

WHEAT.

A Few Thousand Bushels

PRIME OLD RED WINTER WHEAT, wanted by

D. WALLACE,
333 LIBERTY STREET.

EDUCATIONAL.

EPISCOPAL CLASSICAL ACADEMY.

The Fall Term of this School begins SEPTEMBER 6TH, 9 A. M., in its New Rooms, 293 LIBERTY STREET, (Keystone Bank Building).

Applications for admission of Pupils may be made at the School Room during the week preceding the day of opening, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M.

It is very desirable that all Pupils be present the first day of the Term.

Persons having sons to educate for College or Business are invited to communicate with the Principal,

Rev. T. L. BELLAM, A. M.

MISS M. MARKHAM,

(Late Associate Principal of Irving Institute),

WILL OPEN A SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES,

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1869,

At the Rooms lately occupied by the Curry Institute, Nos. 52 and 54 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair).

Circulars will be issued in a few days, or any information relating to the School may be obtained of Miss MARKHAM, at 312 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.

THIS INSTITUTION offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years' successful operation. Every facility is provided for a thorough course of useful and ornamental education, under the direction of a corps of more than twenty professors and teachers. For circulars apply to JOHN H. WILLARD, Troy, N. Y.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

TIP-TOP, The Noiseless Slates.

They make no Noise, will not Scratch the Desk, and will not Break when dropped.

FOR SALE BY

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
School Books, Drawing Materials, &c,
TEXT BOOKS,
USED IN
Western University,

Mr. Macrum's Apollo Institute,
Female College,
Pittsburgh Oral School,
Heman's Institute,
Pittsburgh High School,
Newell Institute,
Irving Institute,
Miss Markham's School,
Prof. Bingham's Seminary,
Bowman Institute,
Rev. T. L. Bellam's Academy,
Prof. Curry's Institute,
Rev. S. M. Glenn's School,

and all other Schools in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST PRICES,
BY
R. S. DAVIS & CO.,
193 LIBERTY STREET,
NEAR SIXTH.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE Text Books,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Methodist Book Depository,

NO. 129 SMITHFIELD STREET,

CORNER OF VIRGIN ALLEY.

JOSEPH HORNER,
AGENT.

HARDWARE.

J. M. FAHNESTOCK,
Successor to S. Fahnestock, dec'd,
Importer and Wholesale Dealer
IN
Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE,
NO. 56 WOOD STREET,
Third Door Below Fourth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN BERGAN. WILLIAM SCHIRMER.

J. Rebman & Co.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE

No. 226 LIBERTY STREET,

AND

NO. 11 SIXTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FLOUR DEALERS.

Pearl Mill Superior Flour.

We are now receiving very choice SOUTHERN WHEAT, and making our Flour entirely from it.

Pearl Three-star Green Brand—Family and Fancy Flour, made from Selected White Winter Wheat.

Pearl Two Star Blue Brand—the best Family Flour in the market, made from choice White and Amber Wheat.

Pearl One Star Red Brand—made from choice Red Wheat, high ground and gives very good satisfaction. As a cheap Flour it takes the lead of any in the market. Our Cleaning Machinery is not surpassed by any in the country.

See that all Sacks are sealed and labeled with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Pearl Mills, Allegheny.

Pittsburgh City Mills Flours.

Our NEW PATENT CLEANING MACHINERY just put in, is the latest and best in the country, and separates everything foreign from the Wheat, and so completely scours it that the hull is partially removed before grinding, consequently our Flours are *BETTER AND PURER* than any others on the market. Our Brands are

PITTSBURGH CITY MILLS,
ECLIPSE MILLS,
MIAMI VALLEY MILLS,

Made from Missouri and Southern Illinois Amber Winter Wheat.

A choice Red and Amber Winter Wheat Flour.

Equal to Best Ohio Flours.

J. S. LIGGETT & CO.,
PITTSBURGH CITY MILLS.

FURNITURE.

ROCK the BABY IN EARNEST'S PATENT SWING CRIB,

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE

Practical Furniture Manufacturers,

118 FOURTH AVENUE,

WHERE MAY BE FOUND A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PARLOR, CHAMBER AND KITCHEN FURNITURE. MWF

NOTICE.

We beg to inform our numerous customers and the Trade generally that we have established a Depot for

E. & M. BOLLMAN'S
IMPERIAL FRENCH WINE
VINEGAR,
WITH
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 WOOD STREET.

☞Strength and quality guaranteed. Increased facilities enable us to offer purchasers superior advantages.

BOLLMAN & CARL,
63 SOUTH GAY ST., Baltimore, Md.

WRIGHT'S PATENT WROUGHT ANVILS.

A full assortment of Sizes in stock and for sale by

WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & CO.,
50 WOOD STREET.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

The Safe Deposit Company,

OF PITTSBURGH.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, January 24, 1867.

FOR THE SAFE-KEEPING OF

Bonds and Other Securities, GOLD AND SILVER,

Silver Plate, Books, Records, Diamonds and Valuables of all Descriptions,

UNDER GUARANTEE AND FOR THE

RENTING OF SAFES IN ITS BURGLAR-PROOF VAULTS.

BUILDING AND OFFICE:
No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

President.....WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
Vice President.....HENRY LLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,	JAMES J. BENNETT,
HENRY LLOYD,	BYRON H. PAINTER,
WILLIAM KEA,	JOS. S. MORRISON,
WILLIAM M. LYON,	GEORGE BLACK.
CURTIS G. HUSSEY.	

Secretary and Treasurer.
S. F. VON BONNHORST.

Tradesmen's National Bank,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WOOD STREET, CORNER OF SECOND.

A. BRADLEY.....President.
W. VANKIRK.....Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr.....Cashier.

Capital, - $400,000

Collections made on all points in the United States, on most favorable terms.

Particular attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Bonds.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

DIRECTORS:

John Dunlap,	A. Bradley,
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Samuel M. Kier,	J. Knox,
John C. Risher,	J. V. McDonald,
John F. Dravo.	

d*

HART, CAUGHEY & CO., Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Government Bonds.

☞Sight Drafts on London.

Pacific Railway Gold Loan.

Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay 7 per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation now earns more than enough net income to pay the interest on the new loan. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. Principal and Interest payable in Gold. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, September 7, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR GRADING MILLER STREET,

From Center avenue to Reed street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, September 17, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, September 6, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR THE BOARDWALK ON BROAD STREET,

(East Liberty), from the Frankstown road to Highland avenue, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, September 16th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, September 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENTS FOR GRADING BLUFF STREET,

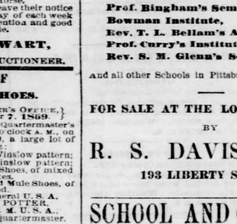
From Cooper to Miltenberger street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, September 15th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

SPEER'S Port Grape Wine,

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS TO USE.



VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.

Speer's Port Grape Wine,

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This justly celebrated Native Wine is made from the pure juice of the Grape, pressed under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the delicate female constitution. In all cases, in all various ailments that afflict the weak sex, it is, in every respect, A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Females use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Weakly Persons find a Benefit by its use.

Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Sold by Druggists generally, who also sell Speer's Standard Wine Bitters. Trade supplied by all Wholesale Dealers. See that the signature of A. SPEER is on every bottle. Each cork of each bottle.

A. SPEER'S Vineyard, New Jersey. Office, No. 243 Broadway, New York.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND,
TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF PENNSYLVANIA,
HARRISBURG, August 20, 1869.

SEALED BIDS

Will be received for the

Redemption of One Million Dollars

OF THE LOAN OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA,

DUE JULY 1st, 1870,

Until 12 o'clock, M., October 1st, 1869. Communications to be addressed to R. MACKEY, Esq., State Treasurer, Harrisburg, Pa., and indorsed "Bids for Redemption of State Loan."

F. JORDAN, Secretary of State,
J. P. HARTRANFT, Auditor General,
R. W. MACKEY, State Treasurer,
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

N. B.—No newspapers publishing the above without authority will receive pay therefor.

PRINTING, MANILLA, ROOFING, BALING, HARDWARE AND GLASS

PAPERS,

Manufactured and Sold by

Frazier, Metzger & Co.,
82 THIRD AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

MANUFACTURERS.

Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT IRON
AND
HEAVY HARDWARE,
Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head, Bridge and Skein
BOLTS,
Nuts, Washers and Coach Screws,
HARROW TEETH,
PLOW HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, ETC
Bolts, Spikes and Wrought Iron Shapes,

For Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.

FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery.

HOOK AND EYE SCREW AND SCREW AND STRAP HINGES.

Originators and Patentees of their new line of

Wagon Hardware,

Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Rubber Plates, Axle Bolts, Spoke Bolts, Thimble Caps, Sand Band, Single Tree, and other Labor Saving odd Shapes of Iron. Send for Prices to

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
91 and 92 Water Street, and 114 and 116 First Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HENRY BIER.....GUSTAVUS DASCH.

HENRY BIER & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BELL AND Brass Founders.
BRASS CASTINGS
MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.
MALEABLE AND GREY IRON FITTINGS, GAS PIPE AND TUBING.
Throttle, Safety and Check Valves,
ALL GLOBE PATTERN.
IRON COCKS.

☞BRASS WORK, of every description, for Steam, Water and Oil.

Manufacturers of John M. Cooper & Co.'s Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for DREYFUS' PATENT OILERS, the best in the market.

Corner of Pike and Thirteenth Sts.

KEYSTONE
BOLT WORKS.

HUBLEY, ADAMS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS,
SKEIN BOLTS,
COACH AND LAG SCREWS,
SQUARE AND HEXAGON NUTS,
WROUGHT WASHERS,
SCREW HINGES,
BRIDGE AND ROOF BOLTS,
BARGE AND PIT WAGON BOLTS,
STOVE RODS AND BOLTS.

Also, SUPERIOR NORWAY IRON CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS, made expressly for Carriage Makers.

Office—No. 5 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Works—Cor. Main and Cherry streets, Allegheny, Pa.

DIAMOND Foundry and Machine Works,

27, 33, 38 and 40 Water Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Anderson Maxwell & Porter,
SUCCESSORS TO
Anderson & Bro., and Andersons & Maxwell,
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,

Have on hand and make to order from 10 to 25 horse power PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES. Also Boring Oil Wells and Saw Mill purposes, AIR ENGINES for blasting Coal, and all sizes of STEAM ENGINES for Planing Mills, Paper Mills, Flour Mills, BRICK PRESSES, CUTTING SAWS, MILLS, and all kinds of MACHINERY. HOUSE, PINION, BOLT HEADING and all kinds of MACHINE CASTINGS made to order on short notice.

☞Prompt attention given to Repairs.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Females use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Weakly Persons find a Benefit by its use.

Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Sold by Druggists generally, who also sell Speer's Standard Wine Bitters. Trade supplied by all Wholesale Dealers. See that the signature of A. SPEER is on every bottle. Each cork of each bottle.

A. SPEER'S Vineyard, New Jersey. Office, No. 243 Broadway, New York.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, September 7, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR GRADING MILLER STREET,

From Center avenue to Reed street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, September 17, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, September 6, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR THE BOARDWALK ON BROAD STREET,

(East Liberty), from the Frankstown road to Highland avenue, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, September 16th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, September 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENTS FOR GRADING BLUFF STREET,

From Cooper to Miltenberger street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, September 15th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

MANUFACTURERS.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

Hugh M. Bole & Co.

HUGH M. BOLE.....HUNTER ORR.

Engine Builders, Founders AND **MACHINISTS,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines and Machinery for Mills, Factories and Steamboats, Oil Well Steam Engines and Well Rigs.

All kinds of MACHINERY made to order.

ENGINES of almost any size, new and perfect, kept ready made and so constructed that each Engine can be used either right or left.

Castings of all Descriptions,

MADE TO ORDER.

FOUNDRY ON THIRD AVENUE, near Market street. Shop fronting on the Allegheny river, near the Point. Address

H. M. BOLE & CO.,

INDUSTRIAL WORKS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞We study to please.

AMERICAN
IRON WORKS.

Jones & Laughlins,

PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

American and Clair Bar, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron.

Bridge Iron, Angle and T Iron, Guard Iron, Coal Screen Iron, T Rails, 12, 16, 20, 28 and 40 lbs per yard. Tram Rails, Punched and Countersunk, Boiler, Bridge and Tank Rivets, Cut Nails and Spikes, Ship and Boat Spikes, Railroad Spikes, Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts, Railroad Car Wheels and Axles, Street Car Wheels and Axles, Coal-Pit Car Wheels and Axles, Patent Cold Rolled Shafting, Patent Cold Rolled Piston Rods, Mower and Reaper Bars.

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE:

120 WATER AND 120 FRONT STREETS,

BRANCH OFFICE:

Nos. 22, 24 and 26 FRONT ST.,

ly CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

Duquesne Works.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Steel,
AXLES AND SPRINGS.

DUQUESNE, X L AND JUNIATA,

Flat Bar, Round and Square Iron, Band, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron, Boiler Plates and Heads, Guard, Bar, Drag and Dropper Bars

The Daily Commercial.

CITY MATTERS.

ANOTHER HOMICIDE.

A Man Shot and Killed at Arthur's Station—Coroner's Inquest.

A shooting affray which resulted fatally occurred at the boarding house of Joseph Gant, near Arthur's Station, Saturday night, a man named James Shovelin being shot by John Grimm. Shovelin, who was a young man about twenty years of age, boarded at Gant's boarding house, and worked at Elma furnace, Grimm is about twenty-four years of age, and worked at J. K. Moorhead's mill. The men appeared to have had some difficulty previously, and Saturday night, when he could whip Grimm, and on Saturday night he took a revolver and visited Gant's house where words ensued between the men and the deceased caught Grimm by the throat when Grimm drew the pistol and fired, the ball striking the right side of Shovelin inflicting a fatal wound from the effects of which he died at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. After the shooting, Grimm came to the water tank, walked up, and was placed in a cell by Captain Reed where he remained. The place with which the shooting was done was one of Warners six-shooters and Grimm had purchased it from Shovelin's stable. The other knife, although cut and injured, escaped death. Mr. Nettle's loss will be considerable.

INSANE WOMAN.—Officer Chambers on Saturday arrested an insane woman who was dancing on Fifth avenue to the music of the band at the old Theatre. The officer took her to the lock-up where she told the Captain that her name was Mary Ann Preston, that she had just arrived in the city from a place within four miles of Shelbyville, Bedford county, Pa. She says she is sixty years of age. She was locked up until, her friends are heard from.

STILL LIVING.—Barney Duffy, the man who in the opinion of several physicians, was fatally stabbed and beaten more than a week since by Thomas Sullivan in West Pittsburgh, still lives and may possibly recover. He said from the first that he would get better, but growing worse one day last week he lost faith in his opinions and gave up all hope. He afterwards rallied, however, and was not in such a bad condition when last heard from.

NEW SLEEPING CARS.—Some elegant sleeping cars are now building for the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company at the shops at Fort Wayne. They will be sixty feet in length, divided into six compartments, with entrance from each end. They are splendid both for day and night travel, and the estimated cost of each is $10,000.

SERENADE TO PRESIDENT GRANT.—The Second Ward Grant Club, the pioneer Grant club in the United States, proposes to serenade President Grant at the Monongahela House, on Tuesday evening. The arrangements are now under way for the serenade, and as the second ward club never does things by halves, it promises to be a brilliant affair.

EIGHTH WARD NOMINATIONS.—The Republicans of the Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, will hold a meeting at the School House this evening for the purpose of suggesting names for Council and ward officers. A general attendance is desired.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.—Joshua Hood has accepted the challenge of Mr. Lewis Maisey, to row a two mile race in twenty feet working boats.

PERSONAL.—Ex-Mayor Blackmore returned home on Saturday from a visit to Fayette Springs and Mountain, looking hale and hearty.

METEORIC SHOWER.—A meteoric shower is said to have taken place early on Friday morning.

THE REGISTERED VOTERS.

Registry of 1869 as Compared with the Presidential Vote of 1868.

The Registers of the several districts in the county (with the exception of the Fifteenth ward, and Hampton and South Fayette townships), have made their returns to the Commissioners, from which it appears that the total number of registered voters in the county, exclusive of the three districts not returned, is 46,296. Adding to this the vote cast for President, in 1868, in the three districts named, and the result stands 42,289. The total vote polled for Grant and Seymour, last November, was 49,158. The apparent increase is therefore 2,122.

By comparing the number of registered voters in each sub-district with the total vote cast for President, as given below, it will be seen that in many of the districts the registry is considerably less than the vote. In the First ward, Pittsburgh, the registry is 211 below the vote; in the Second ward 261; Third ward 40 etc. In other districts the increase seems too large, as instance Reserve township, where we have a registry of 242 voters, against 95 voters polled for President.

The registry in some of the districts has no doubt been very indifferently done, while in others the listsare tolerably accurate. Additions will be open for additions up till within ten days of the election, which will serve to augment them very materially.

It will be observed that the disparity between the vote of last November and the registry, in many of the districts, may be accounted for by the making of new districts, several of which have been created since November last.

Below we give the vote for Grant and Seymour in full, together with the registry returned to the County Commissioners:

PITTSBURGH.	Vote for Pres-ident, 1868.	Registered Voters, 1869.
First ward	844	633
Second ward	800	539
Third ward	570	550
Fourth ward	736	728
Fifth ward	972	816
Sixth ward	905	985
Seventh ward	705	611
Eighth ward	638	696
Ninth ward	776	935
Tenth ward	515	434
Eleventh ward	697	607
Twelfth ward	1,126	1,059
Thirteenth ward	378	499
Fourteenth ward	653	760
Fifteenth ward	557	Not returned.
Sixteenth ward	272	435
Seventeenth ward	733	767
Eighteenth ward	125	122
Nineteenth ward	374	417
Twentieth ward	390	395
Twenty-first ward	384	384
Twenty-second ward	179	188
Twenty-third ward	207	228
ALLEGHENY.		
First	988	879
Second	1,597	1,599
Third, 1st precinct	928	912
Third, 2d precinct	705	709
Fourth, 1st precinct	1,073	1,420
Fourth, 2d precinct	521	542
Fifth	833	833
Sixth	791	767
Seventh	613	868
Eighth	323	363
BOROUGHS.		
Millvale	97	153
Birmingham	278	239
West Pittsburgh	291	312
Manchester	494	511
Sharpsburg	449	534
Mount Washington	327	272
Believieu	90	98
Monongahela	174	142
Birmingham, 1st p'ct	542	557
Birmingham, 2d p'ct	641	586
East Birmingham	1,257	1,266
Braddock's	528	528
Elizabeth	229	223
McKeesport	429	406
Sewickley	242	281
Etna	233	233
Turtle Creek	166	177
West Elizabeth	102	101
Wilmerding	359	359
Union	new.	172
TOWNSHIPS.		
McClure	413	537
Reserve	95	242
Wilkins	561	568
Lower St. Clair	268	641
Upper St. Clair	160	167
Versailles	1st p'ct 111 2d " 24	111
Peters	246	276
Killbuck	new	103
Leetsdale	"	126
Harrison	"	202
Forward	"	257
	49,158	46,296
Add vote of Fifteenth Ward		157
Add vote of Hampton township		270
Add vote of South Fayette township		72
		42,289
Increase of registry over vote		2,122

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Man Killed on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

An elderly man, named Alexander Lozzen, was killed by being struck by engine No. 8, on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, near Wood's Run, between ten and eleven o'clock, yesterday morning.

It appears that the deceased had been to Woods' Run to see his son-in-law, Mr. Richardson, on a business visit, and while on his way returning, a special train with a number of engineers, who were coming to this city to attend a convention to be held here next week came along, the engine backing and running slowly. When near the crossing, the engineer blew the whistle, which it properly the number of people crossing the track at the time on their way to church. A by-stander named Mr. Kerr saw the danger to which the deceased was subjected and siezed him by the arm, telling him he would be killed. The old gentleman was deaf, and inquired why the young man wanted him to go forward, and ignored the warning. The engineer saw the man on the track and immediately reversed his engine, but running at the rate of about four miles an hour at the time, but before it could be stopped it struck the unfortunate man and shoved him along the track a distance of one hundred feet, breaking his ribs. The broken pieces of the ribs penetrated his heart and killed him instantly. Deceased resided at No. 77 Washington street, Pittsburgh.

In the absence of Coroner Clawson, Alderman Hill was called upon, empannelled a jury, and held an inquest yesterday afternoon.

The testimony of the engineer and firemen and three or four other witnesses was taken, and it appears that the accident was one that could not well have been avoided. The jury found the following verdict: "That deceased came to his death by being run over by engine No. 8, on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad, in charge of Wm. H. Johnston, engineer, September 11, 1869, at 10 o'clock and 45 minutes A. M., in McClure township. And the jury further find it was wholly accidental."

Meeting of Principals.

Pursuant to a call of the City Superintendent, the Principals met in the High School building at ten o'clock, Saturday forenoon.

On motion, Andrew Burtt, A. M., was elected Chairman for the ensuing year, Geo. N. Morris Vice President, and J. N. Stephenson, Secretary.

The revision of the City Class Register was discussed, and a committee consisting of A. Burtt, R. Kelly, D. C. Holmes and S. T. Patterson, was appointed to revise the same.

On motion, the Principals were requested to prepare their schools for joining in the procession to take part in the ceremonies of laying the corner stone of the High School building on the 30th inst.

R. H. Kelly was appointed Principal, and Geo. N. Morris selected to deliver the address on the part of the teachers of the city.

Adjourned to meet at the office of City Superintendent on Saturday, September 25th, at ten o'clock A. M.

BOY DROWNED IN CHARTIERS CREEK.—A boy named Wm. Woods, eleven years of age, was drowned while bathing near the mouth of Chartiers Creek, on Saturday evening. The body was recovered yesterday morning and an inquest will be held to-day.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A man named Hogan died suddenly at Toner's Station, yesterday morning. He was found in the yard and life was extinct. His death is supposed to have been caused by apoplexy. Deceased was a laborer employed on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Having given one week of their clever burlesques to large and admiring audiences, the Worrell Sisters appear for the present week, with a change of bill, the "Grand Duchess" being selected for performance this evening. In the character of the "Duchess," Miss Sophie Worrell is, New York says, a great sensation almost as the famous Tostee, some critics, in fact, giving her the palm over that favorite. Miss Irene, as "Wanda," and Miss Jennie as "Prince Paul" are highly commended, and the ballet we are assured, will be in all of Offenbach's original music, and as much of the spirit of the recitals as it is possible to translate into English.

THEATER.—Manager Williams augments his popular company this week by the engagement of a number of distinguished performers, among them James Taylor, the inimitable London Comique; Miss Emma Grattan, the dashing English blonde, late of Tom Thompson troupe; Miss Alexander and Alfred Davis, favorites of long standing and reputation of stars, and insures a variety performance of unusual excellence.

VARIETIES THEATER.—The attractions at this house this week embrace a great variety of laughable acts, among them Charles Hoyt's new original burlesque, "Bridget's Dream of Home." The usual melange of singing, dancing and Ethiopian eccentricities will be given, and the programme for variety would not be improved upon. The management have a strong company, and deserve success.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The Gregory Family, whose performances last fall at the theater were witnessed with pleasure by thousands, will give a series of delightful entertainments at the Academy of Music,commencing on Monday next. In addition to their usual performances, they have secured the celebrated Cloche Troupe of grotesque dancers.

CIRCUS.—Doc. Chambers, the business manager of Col. C. T. Ames' New Orleans Circus and Menagerie, is now in the city, making arrangements for the great show, which will exhibit in the Diamond, Allegheny, on Friday and Saturday next. This is said to be one of the most extensive exhibitions of the kind now traveling, and every way worthy of the extensive patronage it everywhere enjoys. On Saturday morning, there will be a free exhibition, for the benefit of the children of the Orphan Asylum.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Sentences on Saturday—The United States Court at Williamsport.

Criminal Court—Judge Mellon.

On Saturday morning the jury in the libel case of J. B. O'Neill and D. O'Neill and E. W. Rook, came into Court and stated that they were unable to agree and were thereupon discharged from further consideration of the case.

Alderman Lindsay, convicted of receiving illegal fees, was sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars and the costs of prosecution.

Frank Laugtetter, convicted of cruel treatment of his wife, was sentenced to the workhouse for six months. This is the first court sentence to the work house.

United States Court—Judge McCandless.

The following business has been transacted by the United States District Court, now in session at Williamsport:

In the case of the United States vs. eighteen barrels of spirits owned by Daniel Mengis, a verdict was rendered for the United States.

United States vs. the distillery and other property of John H. Lowther. Jury rendered a verdict for the United States.

Informations *in rem*, in cases of forfeiture, were filed by Lie United States Attorney against 156 barrels of whisky, claimed by Barker & Thomasson, and against 116 barrels of whisky claimed by Lyon, Shorb & Co.

A petition was filed by Daniel B. Knapp and W. F. Thompson against the late firm of Hallett & Sellinger, of Clinton county, praying that they be adjudged bankrupt for reasons assigned in petition.

The following named bankrupts were discharged from their debts as provided by the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, to wit: S. R. Tyler, Clinton county, Pa.; Samuel S. Wilson and R. M. Hanna.

On Wednesday twenty-twelve true bills were returned by the Grand Jury.

Levi Reyer, charged with working a distillery without a bond, was sentenced to the 8th.

On Thursday the Grand Jury reported seven true bills, the most of them whisky cases.

United States vs. John B. Finch, charged with fraudulently personating a revenue officer, and receiving money therefor. Defendant found guilty and sentenced as follows: That he pay to the United States the sum of five hundred dollars; that he be imprisoned in the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania for the term of one year and six months, and subject to the same discipline and treatment as convicts sentenced by the Courts of the State, and while so confined therein he shall not be permitted to receive the visits of persons having charge of the said Penitentiary, and that he pay the costs of the prosecution, and that he stand committed until sentence is complied with.

In case of the United States vs. John Mengis, the defendant not appearing, his recognizance, on motion of R. H. Carnahan, Esq., United States District Attorney, was forfeited.

In the case of the United States vs. Jonathan Rider, charged with passing counterfeit national currency, the jury found defendant guilty, and recommended him to the mercy of the Court. The Court remanded him to prison. Sentence not yet passed.

Police Intelligence.

[Before Alderman Thomas.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

David Jones charged Patrick Wallace with assault and battery, alleging that the accused beat, kicked him. The parties reside at Wood's Run. McClure township. The latter was committed and committed to jail for a hearing. He afterwards procured bail, however, and was released.

HELD FOR COURT.

Charles Mullin, a man arrested by officer Fowler, for felonious assault and battery, had a final hearing before Alderman Thomas on Saturday afternoon, and was held in $1,000 bail to court. Mullin, it is alleged, ejected, shot a young man named James Lewis, in the dive-hole, which is kept by one Dempsey, on Second avenue, some evenings since.

[Before Alderman Butler.]

WARRANT ISSUED.

Mary Ann Preston charged John Moffitt with disorderly conduct, alleging that he met her on the street an used insulting and abusive language towards her. A warrant was issued.

FURTHER HEARING.

G. W. Paine, charged with assault and battery on oath of Wm. Robinson was committed to jail on Saturday for a hearing.

Christy and His Flag.

Mention was made in Friday's issue that Christy Bradford, of the Fifth ward, had been arrested and held for a hearing on an information for false pretenses, preferred by Mr. David Sims, of the Third ward, who charged and alleged that Christy had fraudulently obtained possession of the flag belonging to the Board, and run it up on the Democratic pole on Webster avenue and Tunnel street. Christy, it will be remembered, was appointed to the Janitor of the school building for the flag, said order purporting to be signed by two of the Directors. This morning Sims was summoned a forgery, Mr. Sims came before the Mayor on the morning and had lodged an information for forgery against Bradford. He was arrested and held to answer this charge also.

The Bronchia.

These are the tubes that lead into the lungs and like the other air tubes are lined with a fine membrane or coating, which are exceedingly liable to get out of order.

The first evidence of this disorder is a cough, which is always symptomatic of some irritation in the passages leading to the respiratory organs, and which, in the beginning, may be easily allayed by a few doses of medicine—and we would in no case advise that class of medicines which at one time were so much in vogue and known as nauseants, such as squills, and antimony and ipicac: for whilst these relax the system and enable it to eliminate the phlegm and mucous, which clog and impede respiration, they, at the same time, weaken the powers of the system, in its expulsive efforts to cast off the diseased action.

For a recent, sudden cough, no medicine which we are in the habit of using can be compared to DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP, a few doses of which will allay the most irritating cough and subdue commencing inflammation. Thousands of bottles have been sold, and a seventy-five cent bottle of Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup has been known to cure a newly contracted pulmonary ailment in less than forty-eight hours. Consumption is no secret, for the Doctor has made the recipe known to many of our ablest physicians, who have expressed their highest admiration of its wonderful properties. It is in lung cases that Dr. Keyser has especially made his mark, and even in old and apparently hopeless cases has succeeded in restoring the patient to health and vigor.

For old standing cases of lung disease, he prepares a medicine called LUNG CURE, which, whilst it carries out the system of all and morbid matter, it at the same time strengthens and heals the membranes of the throat and lungs. In this way it cures catarrh and asthma and the various other pulmonary lesions so prolific in a variable climate like ours.

A few years ago a lung medicine of a tonic and healing nature was hardly known, and now cures of pulmonary diseases are rarely, if ever, made without them. LUNG CURE is a significant name, and in all those cases of lung disease of long standing application is had to it, it will rarely disappoint those who make use of it. It is composed of the juices of some of the best pulmonic and eliminating medicines known to the healing art, wisely and skillfully compounded, and producing an action on diseased mucous surfaces that has no equal in the materia medica. Sold at Dr. Keyser's great medicine store, 167 Liberty street, where the Doctor may be consulted in all chronic and lung ailments, every day until one o'clock, and from three until six, and seven until nine at night.

Lots, Lots, Lots, Lots, Lots.

A grand public sale of city view lots on **Wednesday next,** the most attractive sale of the season. See advertisement on third page, and call for plans at A. Leggate's office, 139 Federal street, Allegheny.

Dubois' Rissiquot Powder.

Eminent New York and Philadelphia Physicians claim that Dubois' Rissiquot Powder actually cures Cancer. It is so Certified in this issue.

Parham Sewing Machine.

The most perfect and reliable lock-stitch family machine in the market. Office, 61 Wood street.

Indigestion.

Very many persons are constant sufferers from indigestion, and consequent debility; particularly those of sedentary habits, and delicate females. Speer's Standard Wine Bitters is a sufficient antidote to their ailings and debility. Give them a judicial trial. Sold by druggists.

Grand Sale of Lots.

A splendid opportunity to buy one, two, and five acre suburban lots, will be offered on Wednesday next, at 10 o'clock. See plan and bkrd. See advertisement on third page, by A. Leggate, Auctioneer.

For Coughs and Throat Disorders, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches" having proved their efficiency in the use of many years.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first moment I tested the virtue of that which I began thinking well of."

Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

THE Best and Original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya Bark, Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The only preparation of the kind in which Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs. Sold by druggists. Depepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the blood, are speedily cured by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. Sold by all Druggists. M*

A Defensive Medicine.

"In time of peace prepare for war," is a sound military maxim. "Let not the sickly season find you unprepared," is an equally good rule in medical jurisprudence. The man must be made of iron who finds himself at the close of summer without a touch of disorganization. Such a phenomenon is rare, even among the most favored of the human family. Muscular and constitutional vigor oozes out of us in the broiling weather of July and August, and few of us at the opening of the fall, are in the best possible condition to defy the unhealthy influences of autumn.

Fever and ague and bilious remittent fevers, together with dysentery, principally affect the digestive organs, the liver and the bowels, form a portion of the Autumn programme. Before its arrival, prudence advises the closest attention to these parts of the system, if we would escape the diseases which hitherto disorder, and that staminal vigor which is so essential at this juncture. Nothing is more miserable," says Satan to his defeated legions, in "Paradise Lost," and the saying is correct, though it come from an evil source.

Ho! then, ye weak and feeble, fortify yourselves against the invisible enemy that pervades the Autumnal air. The best defense against miasma is a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This rare vegetable tonic will improve your appetite, stimulate your digestive organs to their natural duties, invigorate your muscular fibre, regulate your secretions, cheer your spirits, and impart to your system perfect working order. It is life physician in perfect working order. It is easily done. The standard tonic and alterative was invented by Hostetter & Smith, and is not "bad to take," but, on the contrary, a pleasant medicine.

See, however, that you have the genuine article. There are imitations and counterfeits in the market, and they are all worthless or deleterious. Bear in mind that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is sold only in glass (never by the gallon or cask), and that each bottle bears a label surmounted by a vignette of St. George and the Dragon, and our revenue stamp over the cork.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)

COR. FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

MONEY LOANED ON GOVERNMENT BONDS AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

To Holders of 5-20 Bonds.

BY EXCHANGING YOUR 5-20'S FOR

U. S. THIRTY YEAR CURRENCY SIXES,

The Premium Received on the Exchange will pay the difference between Gold and Currency Interest for SIX YEARS WITH GOLD AT 135.

BONDS ON HAND FOR DELIVERY.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.

Cor. Fourth ave. and Smithfield St.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

Seven Per Cent.

Water Main Extension Bonds,

EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY AND CITY TAXATION.

For sale at Par and Accrued Interest, by

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

Cor. Fourth av. and Smithfield st.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, September 11, 1869.

The week closes with no material change in the general condition of the local money market. Notwithstanding the excitement in New York during the week, and the stringency created there, and the excessive rates charged for loans, our own market has been little disturbed by any reflective influence from that quarter.

—The following statement exhibits the business of the Pittsburgh Clearing House, for the week ending Saturday, September 11, 1869:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Sept. 6	$617,835 84	$109,560 91
" 7	477,393 92	93,338 36
" 8	528,328 56	98,128 94
" 9	535,306 81	106,288 45
" 10	451,439 66	58,861 19
" 11	445,688 69	69,314 21
Total	$2,964,133 17	$536,394 18

—In New York the week closes with an easier feeling in money. Early in the day, borrowers were willing to renew loans at 7 per cent. in gold, but after noon, they were glad to pay 7 per cent.in currency. All symptoms favor the conclusion that a considerable amount of speculative capital will be withdrawn in a few days, in the interest of the "bear" speculation in stocks. The last statement of the banks showed rising averages, but the prices of stocks fell off about 5 per cent., proportionately reducing the amount of loans on the basis of such collaterals; the amount of gold upon the market has been considerably increased by near $2,000,000, reducing the sum to be borrowed against, and the Treasury has paid out, against its maturity, $3,000,000 bonds, leaving, almost exclusively in legal tenders, while the only movement of currency to the interior has been a slight decrease in the shipment of currency to the West, and the rapid return of legal tenders to Philadelphia—about which latter operation there is some mystery. Under these circumstances, the banks will not feel any material stringency we have witnessed? The conclusion of observers, based upon what appear these general probabilities, but also upon specific operations in which they are engaged, is that a combination of bank officers and stock operators have conspired to hold money off the market.

The transfer books of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company will be closed on the 21st of October. The Company has declared a cash dividend of 3 per cent. on the capital stock, and expect that a scrip dividend of 15 per cent. would be made, at present lacks official confirmation.

The gold market has settled into a steadier feeling, and the present prevailing premium is to be more generally accepted as a fair figure, under all the circumstances now affecting the market.

The large holders show no disposition to press the market, but they hold on firmly, and all the leading rate ranges consequently between 1 per cent. and 1½ per annum, and 1 to 2 per cent. for the two days.

The Erie Company have formally completed the exchange of stock, by placing their stock ledger in the handsof the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and the certificates of the holders can have their stock registered there.

The Stock Exchange has consequently referred the question of placing the stock on the list to the lower floor, by whom the matter has been referred to another appropriate committee, for action. The Erie Company has determined that the Company should be required to make a full exhibit of its affairs previous to such action.

The stock market has been dull on limited dealings. The general movement has been a decline, at the call declined, though at the present writing there is a partial recuperation in prices was active, and sold from 109 up to 111¾ on the declaration of a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. in the Northwestern shares, Rock Island, New York Central and Pacific Mail.

The following table, made up from dispatches received at J. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo Building, No. 80 Fourth avenue, shows the prices of Railway Stocks, 1 o'clock, at the several boards of the New York Boards during the day:

	10 00	11	12	1 00	1 30	3
September 11, 1869.	A. M.	A. M.	M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
New York Central	204¾	204¾	204½	205	205¼	205¼
Hudson River	183¾			183½		
Erie	99¾			99¾		
Reading	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
Michigan Southern	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
Michigan Southern guaranteed						
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	111½	108	110½	110½	110	
Fort Wayne		98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
Chicago and Northwestern	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
do preferred	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
Rock Island	111½	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼
Toledo and Wabash		82		82		
Toledo and Wabash, pref		87½		87½		
St. Paul	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾
St. Paul, preferred	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾
Ohio and Mississippi	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
Pacific Mail	271¾	271¾	271¾	271¾	271¾	271¾
Western U. Tel	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Atlantic and Pacific	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
Merch. U. Ex	113			113		
Adams Express	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾
Wells, Fargo & Co	18¾			18¾		
United States Ex	61	61	61	61	61	61

—James W. Kennedy, Broker, No. 80 Fourth avenue (Apollo Building) deals in United States Bonds, State and Municipal Securities, Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Being represented in the New York Stock Boards every day in session, he purchases and sells on commission any stocks on the regular lists, on the same terms as the New York brokers. Government, Gold and Railway Bonds purchased for customers on the usual margin.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY EVENING, September 11, 1869.

For Coughs and Throat Disorders, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches" having proved their efficiency in the use of many years.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first moment I tested the virtue of that which I began thinking well of."

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THE Best and Original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya Bark, Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The only preparation of the kind in which Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs. Sold by druggists. Depepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the blood, are speedily cured by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. Sold by all Druggists. M*

A Defensive Medicine.

"In time of peace prepare for war," is a sound military maxim. "Let not the sickly season find you unprepared," is an equally good rule in medical jurisprudence. The man must be made of iron who finds himself at the close of summer without a touch of disorganization. Such a phenomenon is rare, even among the most favored of the human family. Muscular and constitutional vigor oozes out of us in the broiling weather of July and August, and few of us at the opening of the fall, are in the best possible condition to defy the unhealthy influences of autumn.

Fever and ague and bilious remittent fevers, together with dysentery, principally affect the digestive organs, the liver and the bowels, form a portion of the Autumn programme. Before its arrival, prudence advises the closest attention to these parts of the system, if we would escape the diseases which hitherto disorder, and that staminal vigor which is so essential at this juncture. Nothing is more miserable," says Satan to his defeated legions, in "Paradise Lost," and the saying is correct, though it come from an evil source.

Ho! then, ye weak and feeble, fortify yourselves against the invisible enemy that pervades the Autumnal air. The best defense against miasma is a course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This rare vegetable tonic will improve your appetite, stimulate your digestive organs to their natural duties, invigorate your muscular fibre, regulate your secretions, cheer your spirits, and impart to your system perfect working order. It is life physician in perfect working order. It is easily done. The standard tonic and alterative was invented by Hostetter & Smith, and is not "bad to take," but, on the contrary, a pleasant medicine.

See, however, that you have the genuine article. There are imitations and counterfeits in the market, and they are all worthless or deleterious. Bear in mind that HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is sold only in glass (never by the gallon or cask), and that each bottle bears a label surmounted by a vignette of St. George and the Dragon, and our revenue stamp over the cork.

Business in produce is quiet and prices generally unchanged. Flour is in fair demand and prices are steady. Grain is dull and nominal. Provisions are quiet and unchanged. Groceries are steady and unchanged. Oils are dull and unchanged. Coal is in fair demand at unchanged prices. Iron is quiet and unchanged. Seeds are dull and unchanged. Whisky is dull and unchanged. Hay is in fair demand at unchanged prices. Wool is in fair demand at unchanged prices.

The receipts of flour for the past two weeks were as follows:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, bbls	25,850	15,027

Showing a deficiency of 10,823

The crude receipts from all points by river and rail for the past five years were:

From January 1 to September 11, 1869		563,972
Same time in 1868		590,188
Same time in 1867		557,891
Same time in 1866		734,465
Same time 1865		341,593

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The exports of Refined East for the past two weeks were as follows:

	Last week.	This week.
Pennsylvania Railroad	2,410	1,579
Allegheny Valley	8,749	5,116
Total	11,159	6,695

Exports of refined East for the past two years, from January 1st to date:

	Last year.	This year.
Per Pennsylvania Central	121,947	82,570
Per Allegheny Valley R. R	357,670	279,242
Total	479,617	361,812

SALES.

The Crude and Refined sales and resales for the past two weeks were as follows:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude, bbls	47,000	14,000
Refined	22,500	22,700
Total	69,500	36,700

SATURDAY'S TRANSACTIONS.

The market on Saturday was dull with but little disposition to make concessions in order to effect sales. The result was a dull market, and we only hear of the following sales:

1,000 bbls first water, 40@43 gravity 143½c
1,000 bbls first water, 40@46 gravity 142½c
1,000 bbls spot, 40@46 gravity 141½c

DISPATCHES.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, September 11, 1:00 P. M.—Market dull and inactive, and prices a shade lower; sales at 34½@34¾c.

PHILADELPHIA, September 11, 1:00 P. M.—Market still continues depressed; sales at 34½@34¾c.

OIL CITY, September 11, 1:00 P. M.—Market dull; nothing doing; nominal at 35c bid; no buyers.

NEW YORK, September 11, 2:05 P. M.—Market dull; prices nominal at 16½@16¾c for crude; 32@32½c for refined.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, September 11, 10:20 A.M.—London, 11:15 A. M., September 11.—Refined 20d; spirits 1s 6d. Petroleum 1s 6d.

PHILADELPHIA, September 11, 11:00 A. M.—Market dull and heavy; a good demand for the limited supplies offering; sales at 34½@35c; October 32½@32¾c; October 32½@32¾c; October to December 32½@32¾c. Crude 17@17½c and nominal.

TITUSVILLE, September 11, 10:30 A. M.—Crude $4 90@4 95; quiet but firm.

OIL CITY, September 11, 12:20 P. M.—Market dull at $5 40 on the creek; $5 75 here.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Keystone Oil Works	360 bbls	Reed & Beeson	75
Diamond Oil Works	360	Joy & Co	60
J. Wilkins	66	Homan, B. & Co	15
Sundries	406		
	1,288		

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R. and P. R. R. Oil Line.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co, 500 bbls ret to Waring, King & co, Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick & Co, 350 bbls ref to Waring, King & co, Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Company, 200 bbls ref to Tack Bros, Philadelphia.

Livingston Bros, 1,500 cases refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

McKelvy Bro, 237 bbls refined to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

Total Shipments Refined ..... 1,455 bbls
Total Shipments Refined ..... 1,500 cases

Oil Shipped East by Penna R. R.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co, 44 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

Hutchison Oil and Refining Co, 318 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.

SHIPMENTS.

From J. H. Grayson, we have the following report of shipments East for the week ending September 11th, 1869:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
Monday	63	3,807	1,155	15
Tuesday	1,535	3,655	1,100	99
Wednesday	908	1,684	2,369	138
Thursday	1,291	1,291	1,980	40
Friday	1,358	3,028	5,136	128
Saturday	115	1,885	2,084	16
Total	5,449	13,122	16,829	433

SALES.

The following is the aggregate of daily sales, as shown by the scale books kept by W. A. Campbell and John G. Imhoff, weighmasters:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, September 6	181	812	1,155
Tuesday, September 7	181	108	3,812
Wednesday, September 8	1,559	3,031	1,100
Thursday, September 9	890	2,063	4,185
Friday, September 10	450	667	385
Saturday, September 11	200	1,000	
Total for week	2,005	5,671	11,827
For week ending Sept. 4, 1869	1,749	7,360	11,022

CATTLE.

The following are the sales made during the week, where prices are reported. We omit those where no price is given:

Seller.	No.	Weight.	Price.
Holmes, L & G	W Kelly	20	18,820	@ 8c
Holmes, L & G	F Kingsbury	21	19,740	@ 8c
Holmes, L & G	E Yohn	19	17,100	@ 9c
Holmes, L & G	D Hamilton	20	18,800	@ 9c
Holmes, L & G	Briggs